The Wellsboro Gazette.

LV — WELLSBORO, TIOGA COUNTY, THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1919. — NO. 33

[illegible]Y LOAN DRIVE.

[illegible]uota is $1,225,000—[illegible]ill Visit County.

[illegible] for the Victory Loan [illegible] morning. The total [illegible] by the Secretary of [illegible] $4,500,000,000, which [illegible]unty's share $1,225,[illegible] are to be for four [illegible]raw 4¾ per cent. in[illegible]xempt from all ordi[illegible]at 3¾ per cent. will [illegible]ot.

[illegible] with the opening of [illegible] publicity committee [illegible] American flag be [illegible]ze from every house [illegible] the three weeks the [illegible]vill run. This is a [illegible] should be observed [illegible]zens everywhere.

[illegible] purchased in [illegible] to $10,000, and the [illegible] been made so [illegible] over such a [illegible] [illegible]ll not be difficult for [illegible] 20th and [illegible] 15th. The divi[illegible] semi-annually, [illegible]ecember 25th, 1919, [illegible] June and December [illegible] campaign will close

[illegible] with the loan cam[illegible]oan organization of [illegible] district will run a [illegible] through Pennsyl[illegible] at all the principal [illegible] the complete an[illegible]hich is as follows:

[illegible]an guns from St. [illegible] Argonne, French [illegible]d armored car and [illegible]ireless" are but a [illegible]its of the Victory [illegible] train which will [illegible]y next Monday.

[illegible]est baggage cars in [illegible]d in the seven car [illegible]d with all kinds of [illegible]ies. They comprise [illegible] masks, grenadines, [illegible] equipment collected [illegible]mous battlefields of [illegible] bombs and naval [illegible]cluded. Among the [illegible]an "minnewerfers," [illegible]ry deadly type of [illegible]s of speakers will [illegible]ing appliances and [illegible]he crowds.

[illegible] arrive in Wellsboro [illegible]d will leave at 1:50 [illegible]e it arrives at 3:35

[illegible] be in Blossburg [illegible]d in Mansfield 9:30 [illegible]awrenceville, 11 to [illegible]e same date, next

[illegible]litary Band have [illegible] services for every[illegible] to boost the Vic[illegible]ll lead the parade, [illegible] at 12 o'clock sharp [illegible]he court house to [illegible]ion, where the war [illegible] will be held.

[illegible]S. service men are [illegible]ear in uniform at [illegible]t the hour before [illegible]rt in the parade. [illegible]berty Loan appor[illegible] a county is as fol-

[illegible]	39,000
[illegible]	55,000
[illegible]	23,000
[illegible]	54,000
[illegible]	28,000
[illegible]	29,000
[illegible]ip	29,000
[illegible]	9,000
[illegible]	29,000
[illegible]	72,000
[illegible]	26,000
[illegible]	15,000
[illegible]	36,000
[illegible]	2,000
[illegible]	26,000
[illegible]	20,000
[illegible]	46,000
[illegible]	44,000
[illegible]	22,000
[illegible]	25,000
[illegible]	4,000
[illegible]	33,000
[illegible]	7,000
[illegible]	38,000
[illegible]	35,000
[illegible]	13,000
[illegible]	19,000
[illegible]	48,000
[illegible]	4,000
[illegible]	26,000
[illegible]	17,000
[illegible]	43,000
[illegible]	29,000
[illegible]	15,000
[illegible]	34,000
[illegible]	8,000
[illegible]	36,000
[illegible]	29,000
[illegible]	100,000
[illegible]	$1,225,000

[illegible]e at Galeton.

[illegible]f the silk mill at [illegible]ed $500 towards a [illegible] for the soldier [illegible] this pledge they [illegible] benefit ball and [illegible]ay 9, at the Gale[illegible] The music will be [illegible]elebrated [illegible] [illegible]ury, [illegible] who will [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible]r [illegible] dance [illegible]eople are some of [illegible]s in the State. [illegible]

GASOLINE CAUSED A BAD [illegible]

Restaurant of Merz & Simons Gutted —Mr. Merz Painfully Burned

By the explosion of a gasoline water heater in the restaurant of Merz & Simons last Thursday afternoon about 4:30 o'clock a serious fire was threatened and Joseph Merz, one of the proprietors, was painfully burned about the head and face. Mr. Merz had a very narrow escape from what might have proved a serious if not fatal injury from the burning fluid as he was about to refill the gasoline tank when it exploded.

The force of the explosion blew out both the large plate glass show windows and the flames spread rapidly through the entire restaurant, which was being newly painted by George Bowen and Arthur Bodine, both of whom escaped injury. The new paint and varnish added fuel to the flames and before a stream of water was turned on, which was only a few minutes, the interior and the contents of the restaurant were practically destroyed. [illegible] and pool tables were [illegible] the heat and water.

Owing to the combustible material the flames had to feed on, including the fresh [illegible], it was the hottest and most destructive fire that [illegible] in Wellsboro in many a day. The new [illegible] with its [illegible] equipment, together with two lines of hose, did very effective work in checking the progress of the flames which threatened the second floor of the building and also the First National Bank, the adjoining building.

Merz & Simons had $2,000 insurance on the stock and fixtures in the restaurant, which only partially covers the loss. They will occupy the next store building in a few days during the repairs on the burned block.

The loss on the VanValkenburg building is fully covered by insurance.

Wellsboro High School Notes.

The pupils of Wellsboro public schools contributed $91.71 towards the Armenian relief fund. Of this amount $17.06 was given by the members of the High School.

William Stagman was a visitor at school Friday.

Misses Emily March, Mary and Elizabeth Dwyer spent Easter in New York city.

Mrs. J. E. Nancarrow spent the week-end at Jersey Shore.

Norman B. Leslie, Esq., visited school Friday.

Preparations are being made for giving the High School play.

Miss Mary McInroy, who was recently operated on for appendicitis, is recovering nicely.

The total sale of War Savings Stamps last week amounted to $48.05. Miss Butler's room led with a sale of $12.90. Miss Steele's room was second with $7.90.

Patrons' Day will be observed Thursday, May 1st, throughout the grades and the High School. All interested in our schools are cordially invited to visit and inspect the work of the pupils. Gentlemen who may not be accustomed to visiting the school on such occasions as this, however we are sure they will find much of interest here. Your presence will not only be appreciated by the pupils but your interest will act as an incentive to them for the rest of the year. Classes will be conducted in the grades and art exhibits shown. The High School Orchestra will give a concert during the afternoon.

Mrs. Crichton, Miss Adamy and George March are substitute teachers for this week.

Some Stretch of Imagination.

The Wellsboro Gazette is authority for the statement that "From the New York State line to Lawrenceville the road (Susquehanna Trail) will be built by New York State." Some stretch of road—or imagination!—Potter County Journal.

The hypercritical editor of the journal is off his trolley. The Gazette didn't say any such thing. This is what the Gazette did say:

"Mr. Merrick stated that he had the assurance of Governor Sproul that if the New York State road was built to the Pennsylvania line this year that the State of Pennsylvania will start a road at the Pennsylvania line and build it south over the historic Williamson road (nooo[illegible]) as the route for the great Susquehanna Trail) so as to make the [illegible] the completion of that trunk line route."

Who Will Get Behind the Movement?

While the Gazette's idea of a Home Coming Welcoming Celebration for [illegible] July has evoked much favorable comment, no one has yet come forward with the promise to join with the editor in prosecuting the idea to a successful consummation. The people of this town [illegible] owe something to those who [illegible] made sacrifices for us and there could be nothing more fitting than a welcoming celebration. An affair of this kind cannot be arranged in a [illegible] [illegible] the time for action is now. [illegible] should be some progressive citizen or citizens of this town, who [illegible] enough appreciation for what the boys have done, tucked away in their hearts, [illegible] this [illegible]

RETURN OF 79TH DELAYED.

Will Not Leave France Until Late in June, Announcement Says.

According to word received from Washington, the Seventy-Ninth Division, which comprised many Tioga county boys, will not sail from France until late in June, instead of early in the month, as first announced.

It is expected that the boys will not reach their homes here until about the middle of July.

Congressman Royal C. Johnson, of South Dakota, who trained as a private at Camp Meade and was afterward second and first lieutenant in the 313th Regiment, is pushing the movement to have the 79th Division [illegible] to Camp Meade for demobilization, where it was organized and trained. Congressman Johnson writes he had received letters from many men of the 79th saying that they had heard that they were to be sent to Camp Dix, when their unanimous wish was that they be demobilized at Meade. They knew that camp, they said, and liked it and they would be near home during the period preceding mustering out.

[illegible] to Early Convoy.

A Washington dispatch of Monday says: "All organizations of the 79th Division (Pennsylvania, Maryland and District Columbia) have been assigned to early convoy, General Pershing notified the War Department to-day. Also assigned are headquarters troops of the Second Field Army and the Sixth Army Corps."

HOMEWARD BOUND

Tap, softly, waves, the high gray prows!
Blow gently, winds, through joyous days,
Nor any slumbering Sea King rouse,
To peril safety, cause delays.

Watch, stars, through silent, blissful nights,
Sun, with a newer splendor shine!
Bring nearer rapturous delights—
Loved exiles bring, for whom hearts pine!

Glad hours, move swiftly, till once more
Home faces dear those dear ones greet!
Speed, tides, the ships toward this proud shore,
Where flags will wave and drums will beat!

Hide, Mercy all the hurts and scars
That war so ruthessly has left!
Assuage the pain that triumphs mars,
For those of hero-lads bereft.

Sky, sea combine! Safeguard the way
Through ocean's rainbow-tinted foam!
"Victors returning!" men will say,
But we: "Our boys are coming home."

—Canton Sentinel

SHORTAGE OF FARM LABOR.

Slackers Who Fled to Farms in 1917-18 Could Relieve Situation.

According to recent statements given out to the press, "Tioga county is at present facing a serious farm labor shortage. Farmers of the county say the situation is really desperate, that there is no labor to assist in the spring farm work and that there seems to be no chance of getting any. This will mean acres of ground on nearly every farm that will have to go uncultivated at a time when all the food possible is needed. The farmers have tried the employment service but with no results, and they say that the trouble is that they cannot afford to pay the wages offered by the factories and mills of the county. If some remedy for this trouble is not secured in the near future it will mean a serious loss to the county."

But why worry? That is, provided the several hundred slackers in this county—who left their former occupations or employment in 1917-18, and fled to the farms to avoid the draft—would return to the soil and help the farmers.

The "work-on the farm" was simply a subterfuge used by the big huskies who did not have pure red blood coursing in their veins nor moral courage sufficient to take a chance with the 100-per-cent American boys of this county who went to the front to protect the lives and homes of the cowardly slackers and shysters referred to above.

Soon after the armistice was signed 99 per cent. of these patriots deserted the farms and returned to their former occupation. We've got their number, and many are listed from Wellsboro and neighboring localities.

Make Punishment Fit the Crime.

The Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin in commenting editorially on the article printed in these columns last week about two Clinton county men who caught 65 trout before the opening of the season and were given the alternative of serving 650 days in jail or paying a fine of $650 each, or $10 for each trout illegally caught, says:

"That is the law, and it is right, of course, that the men should be punished for the violation. But it is not right that they should be punished while an individual or firm who, by turning quantities of acids into a stream, thereby killing thousands of fish, is allowed to go free.

"Such wholesale killings of fish have been of frequent occurrence and the [illegible] that the offenders have escaped punishment altogether or with only a nominal fine has had a tendency to breed contempt for the law.

"It isn't right. There is no use spending large sums of money to propagate fish as long as they can be killed by the thousands whenever some one, taking chances with the law, can get away with it. Violators, whether rich or poor, should be punished. No favoritism should be shown."

[illegible]

MORRIS AND HOYTVILLE.

A Surprise Birthday Party—Memorial Services—Personal Notes.

Morris, April 23.—Last Wednesday evening the home of Joseph Pierce was the scene of a pleasant gathering, the occasion being a surprise party given by about twenty-five friends and neighbors in honor of Mr. Pierce's 80th birthday. Genial "Uncle Joe" arose to the occasion and proved himself a royal host, delightfully entertaining his guests with numerous selections on his victrola, after which the evening was spent in social games and converse.

The ladies served a unique and original lunch, which was no small part of the evening's pleasure. About midnight the company departed wishing "Uncle Joe" many more happy birthdays.

Edward Shultz, of Cincinnati, Ohio; Stanley Shultz, of Elkland; Frank Shultz, of Syracuse, N. Y., and Mrs. Ella Staveski, of Stanford, Conn., were Easter week guests at the home of their mother in this place.

Anthony Pompuski, of Newberry, was an Easter guest at the home of his father, Martin Pompuski.

A memorial service was held in the M. E. church at Blackwells last Sunday morning for Private Emery H. Blackwell, who was instantly killed Oct. 25th, 1918, by an enemy bullet in a battle north of Verdun. Rev. W. W. Reeder conducted the service assisted by the Morris Quartette. Letters of condolence from Private Blackwell's captain and Gov. Albert E. Sleeper, of Michigan, were read.

The deceased was well known in this vicinity and in his passing the bereaved parents have the heartfelt sympathy of his many friends.

John Crowman and son, Ernest, and Harry Brady, of Picture Rocks, were over Sunday guests of Rev. and Mrs. W. W. Reeder.

Miss Florence Crowman, who has been spending some weeks here, has returned with them to her home at that place.

Next Saturday evening at the I. O. O. F. Hall a home talent minstrel show will be given for the benefit of the Morris High School.

Gus. Carlson, of Detroit, Mich., is spending a few weeks at the home of his father, A. Carlson.

Mrs. Ben Vaughn left Monday for Elmira, where she will be a guest at the homes of her sons, Lew and Arlington Vaughn.

Mrs. San Emmick was taken to the Blossburg Hospital last Sunday to receive treatment for injuries which occurred in a recent automobile accident.

Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Kline were Mr. and Mrs. E. Q. Crane, of Jersey Shore, and Mr. and Mrs. Ellery Hart and son, Manford, of Stony Fork.

Andrew Curtin, who recently returned from England, where he was serving in the Tank Corps, is a guest at the home of his father, John Curtin. Mrs. John Curtin, Jr., and infant son, of Endicott, N. Y., are also guests at the Curtin House.

CAR ROBBERS PLEAD GUILTY

Sentenced to Pay Fine and Costs and Released on Parole.

During the past month twelve men and boys have been arrested and sentenced by the courts for robbing cars between this station and Newberry, several of whom have received prison sentences. The New York Central has inaugurated a special campaign to break up car robbing on this division which has prevailed for some time.

As stated in these columns recently Central detectives took into custody Willian Morrill, aged 25 years, Floyd Smith, aged 18 years, and E. Blackwell, aged 18 years, of Lock Haven, on a charge of robbing freight cars at Blackwell. They were given a hearing before Justice E. B. Young, of this borough, and held to bail in the sum of $300 each for trial at court. The officer later succeeded in securing a confession from all three and part of the goods stolen from the cars was recovered.

Merrill and Smith plead guilty before Judge Channell on Monday afternoon and Smith was sentenced to pay a fine and costs amounting to $85 and be under parole for four years, reporting to Judge Channell every three months. Merrill, after pleading guilty, was remanded into the custody of Sheriff Husted to be disposed of later, because of it being his second offense. Blackwell will plead guilty before the court next Monday and receive sentence.

669 Pounds of Butter [illegible]

One of the best food-producing cows in Western Pennsylvania, and probably in the State, is [illegible] nek Fay, owned by the State institution for the feeble-minded at Polk, Venango county. Last year she produced 17,416 pounds of milk and 669.35 pounds of butter. She will do even better this year, having produced in March 3119 pounds of milk, which is at the rate of 100 pounds or 50 quarts, a day.

The cow's record is better appreciated when it is stated that the average number of pounds of butter produced by the State institution herd in a year is 300 pounds.

—Frank DeWitt [illegible] and [illegible]

JURY LIST FOR MAY COURT.

Grand and Traverse Jurors Drawn for the Next Regular Term.

The following is the list of jurors drawn for the regular May term of court, which will begin on the fourth Monday, May 26th:

GRAND JURORS.

Frank Anderson, Wellsboro.
Arthur G. Brant, Lawrenceville.
Thomas Brooks, Hamilton.
Herman Behrman, Westfield.
Edward John Cliell, Richmond.
Wallace Chase, Ward.
Frank DeWitt, Jackson.
G. H. Danks, Westfield.
Lester D. Groover, Blossburg.
Wilmont D. Green, Mansfield.
Burt Gee, Clymer.
Charles Husted, Hamilton.
Winfield S. Jenkins, Blossburg.
Ira J. Losey, Charleston.
J. [illegible], Clymer.
William Lindsay, Bloss.
Thomas Nailor, Bloss.
Harry E. Niles, Charleston.
Charles Orr, Sr., Delmar.
David Powell, Morris.
[illegible] Seager, Ward.
E. T. Sayles, Westfield.
Gomer Williams, Covington twp.
Frank Watkins, Covington twp.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Charles Avery, Covington twp.
Anson Burlingame, Knoxville.
Thomas Dolt, Mansfield.
Herman Bookmiller, Jr., Gaines.
Leon Brown, Middlebury.
Henry H. Cooper, Knoxville.
George H. Colony, Mansfield.
Burt Comstock, Morris.
Charles Carey, Tioga.
Robert Campbell, Delmar.
Frank Doughty, Jackson.
James H. Decker, Lawrence.
Stewart Deiter, Morris.
Orville W. Dartt, Charleston.
Robert D. English, Delmar.
James J. Frawley, Duncan.
David Fitch, Knoxville.
Wm. M. Fenton, Brookfield.
John U. Frost, Rutland.
Cletus Heyler, Liberty.
J. H. Howe, Tioga.
George E. Hall, Wellsboro.
Thomas R. Hughes, Hamilton.
F. G. Hoagland, Mansfield.
Charles B. Hall, Middlebury.
James Kentch, Wellsboro.
W. W. Lowell, Wellsboro.
Merritt Lose, Westfield twp.
George Love, Wellsboro.
Carl Moore, Wellsboro.
C. R. Miller, Richmond.
Frank H. Marvin, Mansfield.
Wm. J. McIntee, Blossburg.
Ford Owlett, Knoxville.
Wm. F. O'Donnell, Hamilton.
W. E. Quimby, Delmar.
Henry Redner, Tioga.
Edward Smith, Wellsboro.
L. M. Spencer, Union.
Ross C. Smith, Mansfield.
Elwyn Steele, Duncan.
Harry B. Soper, Roseville.
S. J. Seacord, Westfield.
Matthew Shanley, Union.
Fred Sheeley, Charleston.
Wm. H. Smith, Jackson.
James Saxton, Tioga.
Frederick Spear, Duncan.
Frank B. Tremain, Lawrenceville.
L. R. VanHorn, Wellsboro.
Harold D. Wheeler, Wellsboro.
F. C. Wood, Elkland.
C. T. White, Elkland.
Theron M. Wilcox, Mansfield.

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

John B. Adams, Knoxville.
R. L. Andrews, Westfield.
G. R. Ackley, Clymer.
Alonzo D. Banker, Shippen.
John Bird, Liberty.
R. E. Baker, Lawrenceville.
Leroy Baker, Lawrence.
Clarence W. Bartoo, Charleston.
Wm. Butler, Clymer.
John Bostwick, Elkland.
Roy Cummings, Tioga twp.
Arthur Campbell, Delmar.
John Cleveland, Covington twp.
John Evans, Blossburg.
Charles F. Erway, Middlebury.
George H. Firkins, Lawrence.
Henry S. Fisher, Delmar.
Uriah French, Jackson.
Charles Gridley, Westfield.
Paul Gilroy, Hamilton.
Carl Hasker, Delmar.
Claud Howard, Jackson.
Fred Hughes, Blossburg.
Joseph Irwin, Charleston.
Alfred Jones, Blossburg.
Matthew M. King, Union.
Albert Krieger, Tioga.
Wm. N. Ladd, Gaines.
John S. Logan, Bloss.
A. R. Moore, Wellsboro.
Herbert Marshall, Delmar.
R. J. Mastin, Westfield twp.
Francis Matteson, Knoxville.
Harry N. Palmer, Middlebury.
Ed. Ray, Knoxville.
Fred Sutton, Rutland.
William Stevens, Middlebury.
David Tremain, Westfield twp.
Herman Tiess, Sullivan.
John A. Vandergrift, Delmar.
Ed. L. Westbrook, Delmar.
Wm. Wingate, Wellsboro.
Fritz White, Rutland.
Frank Wheeler, Delmar.
Leon C. Webster, Middlebury.
James Woodhouse, Hamilton.

Osceola Occasionals.

Osceola, April 23.—Nothwithstanding the roads have been almost impassable there has been considerable moving in this section the past few weeks. A. E. Rice has moved to [illegible] Tompkins on the Rowen farm. You can call him on the Mutual telephone line.

Charles Bevier, of Tioga, an expert telephone lineman, was in this section last week installing phones.

Mrs. A. E. Rice spent Saturday and Sunday in Wellsboro with her sister, Mrs. Jasper Dickinson.

There were three open graves at one time in the Osceola cemetery last week. The burials were the remains of Mrs. Robert Wass, Mrs. Addison Spoor and a little child.

Charles Gleason will rent his [illegible] in town and will move to the [illegible] just vacated by A. E. Rice, [illegible] he sold to his son-in-law [illegible]

MORRIS SOLDIER BOY.

Relates Some of His Experiences Since the Armistice Was Signed.

We print below extracts from a letter from Private Ole D. Kreger to [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Kreger, of Morris:

Courouvre, France, March 23.

Dear Folks at Home:—This is Sunday and it has been a pretty fair day. I haven't been out with the truck today, but as a rule we are busy Sundays as well as week days. I sure get plenty of chance to drive and plenty of night driving to do. The roads are rough from the light and heavy artillery and heavy trucks.

I have not received any mail from home in quite a while. I am well and hope you are all the same. We have had another touch of winter with some snow, but it soon left.

Companies A and B had a blowout the other night, a big supper and dance. I took four of the Y. M. C. A. ladies (American girls) from Souilly to [illegible] after the ball was over. Also took over several of the musicians who furnished the music. Got back to my quarters about 1 a. m.

Went over to the neighboring town of Eriza-LeGrande to see the home boys of the 314th Infantry, but only saw Homer Rood. The rest of the bunch were out calling. Had a good visit. Sam Seaman is well and is back with his company. Purley Campbell is said to be on his way home, where he expects to undergo an operation. Don't get a chance very often to see the boys, but when I do, always take it. When I was with Co. B, 315th Infantry, could see the town where our boys are located. I walked the distance in fifteen minutes, but now we are quite a distance apart. I can drive it in about twenty-five minutes.

The dope we hear now is that we will sail for home sooner than we expected, that is if we are not taken to Germany or the war starts again. See? I don't really belong to this 79th Division. I am a casual or rather a replacement to take the place of one who has been killed or wounded too badly to serve. We hear that there are many boys out of each company, that is the replacement boys, who are being sent to the Army of Occupation.

Colonel Noules has just told us that we would move the last of the week of March 28th, and to prepare for a four-day hike. Gee! I believe the boys would be willing to hike it across the Atlantic if they knew they were on their way home.

You folks at home have a slight idea what the dough boys had to put up with in a foreign land during the late battles—the frightful barrages of bursting shells, bombs and shrapnel, machine gun bullets and that deadly gas, besides being nearly exhausted from hunger, thirst and exposure, wet to the skin and nearly frozen; no sleep and wallowing in mud until you could hardly navigate; but notwithstanding we went "over the top" and on No Man's Land, while our comrades fell dead by our side or were seriously wounded.

I tell you I was prepared to give up not only once but several times; in fact I could see no way out other than I would get mine and be planted under the sod on the bloody battlefield of France. Many, many times during the engagements could I feel the wind from the flying bullets or shrapnel in my face, but still I escaped unharmed. If I live to get home will tell you all about my experiences and trials of warfare.

There are supposed to be 250 men in each company, and in Co. B., 314th Infantry, of which I was a member, there were only 36 of us left after the last battle when the armistice was signed. Fortunately I was one of that number and assisted in burying many of our boys and some of the dead Huns. The soldiers who were in action were sure in perfect hell, and we still have a lot ahead of us before we step on United States soil.

From your dough-boy son and brother,

Private OLE D. KREGER,
Supply Co., 315th Infantry.

"The Little Tycoon."

"The Little Tycoon" will be given some time next month by the Wellsboro High School under the direction of Mrs. Wallace McClintock, supervisor of music and drawing. Following is a cast of the prinicipal characters: Edith Miller, Violet Knickerbocker or the Little Tycoon; Thomas Bailey, Alvin Barry or the Great Tycoon; John Fischler, General Knickerbocker; Henry Dusinberre, Lord Dolphin; Marion Merrick, Lady Dolphin; Mary Griswold, Dolly [illegible] [illegible] Rufus [illegible] Kenneth Spencer, Teddy, valet to Lord Dolphin; Eleanor Torkington, Miss Hurricane. The cast is not yet completed. The high school orchestra will furnish the music.

The proceeds will be divided between the Athletic Association and the Senior class.

First Presbyterian Church.

David R. Evans, minister.—The pastor will [illegible] anniversary sermon to the Odd Fellows Sunday morning. Sunday School [illegible] noon; evening service at 7:30. Special music at both services.

Thursday all members of the [illegible]

TO BRING HOME THE DEAD

Bodies of Soldiers Who Were Killed in Great War to Be Brought Home.

America's soldier dead in France are to be brought home by the government as soon as conditions will permit, subject to the wishes of their families.

Former Attorney General Gregory is at work in France preparing a report on legal phasess of the matter which must be taken up with the French government. Of course it is not contemplated that any bodies will be returned to American soil until peace is declared, but pending that the War Department is getting ready and is now engaged in ascertaining the wishes of relatives of the dead regarding the final disposition. Anticipating that there will be many Americans who will desire that their soldier dead should rest forever under the battle fields, the Adjutant General has prepared a memorandum on the subject for general information.

The Adjutant General memorandum on the subject says: "The work of the transfer of the bodies to this country must be deferred until the conditions, including that of transporation, warrant the undertaking. It is not deemed practicable to grant requests for relatives, friends, or undertakers, to go to France to superintend the preparation and shipment of, or to accompany bodies back to the United States. You will appreciate that there were over 69,000 casualties abroad.

"Organizations have been formed overseas know as grave registration units, whose duty it is look after burials, to care for the cemeteries, and preserve identification records.

"Details concerning the death of our soldiers are not ordinarily received by the War Department. It is believed that you will appreciate the fact that as a rule it will not be possible to furnish details. Many men were killed during darkness, or on a smoky, dusty battlefield, and no witnesses are available. You can rest assured, however, that everything possible is being done to relieve the anxiety of relatives."

Concerning the work of the graves registration units in France, the Stars and Stripes, official newspaper of the A. E. F., printed in Paris, says:

"The A. E. F. is gathering its dead together, that in death they may be as in life—in serried ranks. From frozen dugouts, from old ruins, from those hastily improvised and now sunken openings in the ground that were shell holes and battle graves, from wheat fields and river bank and meadow knoll, from all of the thousands of places of isolation and great loneliness the dead are being tenderly lifted and borne to take their place in the ordered ranks of the army.

"To this task the government is now devoting the services of more than 4,000 soldiers. Digging up old graves, often being forced to wear gas masks, prying in old dugouts and shell holes, searching bodies for some mark of identity, carrying the remains to the nearest cemetery, burying, marking and reporting them—there is not a great deal in this service to allure. Yet this little group is doing not only all that it was told to do, and all that was expected of it, but is adding those touches that it knows would comfort and please the people at home."

Regarding rec[illegible]ing the casualty lists Gen. Pershing cabled the War Department:

"No accurate estimate of unreported deaths can be given. There are, however, approximately 5,500 missing to be accounted for, all of whom have been reported to Washington as missing. This compares with the British official total of 161,800 missing and the French of 290,000.

"Reinterment of bodies removed from isolated graves to centralized cemeteries is furnishing additional identification of deaths hitherto reported as missing. This is especially true of reburials of bodies originally buried by allied units to which American troops were attached, identification being either incomplete or imperfectly registered at interment.

"Access to sites of prison camps in Germany and to territory formerly within enemy's lines is leading to discovery of many American graves and identification of casualities previously reported as missing.

"Consideration should be given to the fact that the method of warfare as well as the extent of terrain fought over lent exceptional difficulties to discovery and burial of dead. Burial parties frequently completed their mission under heavy fire and often it could only be done under cover of darkness, thus making identification difficult and often impossible."

On April 1 the War Department discontinued the method of issuing daily casualty lists. The War Department will furnish full lists for mailing, but they will not be issued on any specified date.

The Methodist Church.

Henry E. Bayley, minister.—Services as usual next Sunday morning worship, 10:30; Sunday School at noon, and evening worship at 7:30. Rev. L. D. Adams, of Knoxville, will be the speaker for the day. Prayer service Thursday [illegible] 7:30 o'clock.

NAVY TO LABOR

Daniels Sees Ship... For Months

...ative for the public, ...wage-earner, to make ...Victory Liberty Loan ... [illegible] ...aber boom are indus...ts that will be aided ...)

HUS DANIELS, ... of the Navy.

...r the [illegible] ...t expanded, but the ...will not see us go ...navy which we had ...egan. The pending ...carries, and any bill ...carry for the pres...eeds of the navy, a ... [illegible] ...itnre over [illegible] ...early part of 1917. ...[illegible] ...hips, in the construc...already authorized, ...cies of a peace navy, ... [illegible] ...part of it. ... employed in our na... [illegible] ...ere employed 86,000, We are employing ...e navy yards today ...during the war, and

...hy is this, with the ...There are three rea...s the imperative ne...ng and altering and ...eping in repair for ...the older types of ...uisers which we are ...g soldiers back from ...that, we have fitted ...keep in repair scores ...e army and the Ship...s have returned with ...inor, to be sure, and ...a heavy burden upon ...keeping their ships

...began there was a ...ips of smaller capa...o engage in the new ...submarines, and we ...nd all kinds of small ...ract that, at the end ...ould return them to ...e same condition as ... We had to make ...hips, and they have ...rvice, and that is a ...for months, will give ...killed men. ...we are completing ...egun, and beginning ...thorized by the last ...with the navy, for ...hs, there will be no ...d the men who are ...lding have jobs at ...wages, and we are ...reasons, to tide over ...rmal conditions will

...itslee was signed ...c necessity to annul ...ake such readjust...ve many millions of ...ime time there was ...on us, the strongest ...that every returning ...e his job when he ...And in the naval ...een to it that every ...ervice at navy yards ...nto the war should ...he came back; and ...compulsion not to ...had rendered faith...rar. And how have

...to give naval work ...gap in the months ...litions shall return. ...ve in these last few ...ole for every manu...a with a small ma...n contracts for the ...edoes. We will as... [illegible] ...to a single concern, ... [illegible] ...country to make a ...assembling ... So, in other ...work to small fac...the work going. ...mes to us in these ...for State govern...the work of pub...for city govern...governments, so ...may come to labor ...individual enter...and for labor. ...those who have ...employment of la...those who believe ...tide over the pres...demands of the ...makes will be ...to carry our ...abundant labor ...who wishes ...terms of peace ...country of Bel...of France which ...their work of ...be demand for ...America makes, ...man who, ...ready to supply

... Sharp, a ...Upper Sandus...t miles southwest ...o be the owner of ...arp in existence. ...arp, which weighs ...is and when out ...to a marked de...come to him when ...will eat out of his ...n, he is out in a ...im around ...

BLUE GLASS AT SPRING STARTLES OHIO DOCTOR

Michigan Man Now Has Visions of Auto Cars and Persian Rugs—Mother's Dyspepsia Cured

Benjamin Marshall of Paw Paw, Mich., is spending his leisure time in reading automobile catalogs and prices [illegible] Persian rugs.

The reason he engages in this pastime is because radium has been discovered in his back yard, according to a doctor from Ohio, who claims to know something about the stuff that sells [illegible] amount as big as a pinhead.

Two years ago Marshall and his mother came here and purchased a [illegible] On the property is a spring of sparkling clear water. Prior to their coming here, Mrs. Marshall was a chronic dyspeptic, subsisting only on the simplest of diets.

They had been here only a short time when Mr. Marshall noticed his mother's appetite had increased astonishingly and that she could eat anything with keen relish.

A glass was always left at the spring and always turned a light blue after slight use. One day when the Ohio doctor was visiting the Marshalls he noticed the blue glass and said:

"[illegible], you don't drink this water do you?"

"Yes, we're really intemperate with it."

"And doesn't it make you sick?"

"I don't look seriously ill do I?" asked Marshall with a chuckle, as he exhibited his tongue.

"I thought it was cobalt at first," he said, "but if it were cobalt it would make you sick."

The doctor took several samples of the water back with him to test, and Marshall took to reading auto catalogs [illegible]

PLAN TO INTEREST MECHANICS

Use Inventor's Tools and Gain Equity in His Patents.

William L. Bessola, an experienced mechanic known to practically every one connected with mechanical departments of mines in Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Michigan, and who holds patents for many mechanical devices, is endeavoring to interest capitalists and others in a proposition the success of which is assured. As a forerunner to manufacture and sale of the perfected tools on a large scale it is the plan of Mr. Bessola and his associates to secure the cooperation of every user of tools that they seek to replace with new inventions, and to this end they have permitted a number of the leading plumbers, master mechanics and men generally connected with things mechanical, to purchase equities in the exploitation company, which not only entitles them to substantial interest in that direction, but also secures for each a proportionate right in the patent of which Mr. Bessola has taken out.

STUDENT DESIGNS MACHINES

Big Saving in Ore Refinement May be the Result.

New equipment for use of the seniors of the University of Washington, which was designed and is being built under the direction of Fred Porter, a senior will soon be installed, and with it the men will perform a series of experiments of great practical and economic value.

Two complete sets of machinery have been designed by Porter for use in grinding and concentration of gold ore, some of the equipment being of the same style as has been used in the Alaska, Idaho and Montana gold fields in the last few years for the purpose of experimentation. The experiments to be performed may besides being the work necessary to constitute the thesis required to gain a degree, result in a large saving in the refinement of ore.

AID TO PHOTOGRAPHIC ART

New Camera Takes Tall Buildings at Close Range.

With a new camera invented and patented by an Elgin, Ill. man, a tall building may be photographed from the ground showing the upper portions as plainly as the lower. Such a building will be the exact size at the top as at the base of the picture. Formerly such a thing was considered impossible and photographers have been hunting some invention for the last twenty years to overcome the fault.

The inventor has many pictures of tall buildings taken from a distance of only a few feet which prove his invention worthy. The invention is simple and requires only the turning of the lense to the proper angle, which is determined by the height of the building and the distance which the camera stands from it.

KEEPS WATER COLD, [illegible]

Common Tank Arrangement Protects Liquid From Danger.

Water may be kept cold without subjecting it to possible dangers of impure ice or having to purchase a special ice retainer, by using a common water tank.

The tank is kept nearly full of water and any common large glass jar, filled nearly or wholly full of crushed ice is lowered into the water tank. The air in the jar and the difference between the weight of ice and water keeps the jar from sinking.

Thus the water is kept cold and clean and is preserved from possible danger that might result from [illegible]ing contaminated ice. The system may easily be applied to any ordinary cooler.—Illustrated World.

Girl Too Tall For School.

New York, N. Y.—Sarah R[illegible]vitch, 15, was excused from attending school because she is 6 feet 6 inches tall.

One man's success is of[illegible] due to the failure of another.

The Big Trees of California, some said to be 4,000 years old, are to pass into the hands of the government assuring their preservation.

FINDS FOE IS HIS FRIEND

CIVIL WAR NAVAL COMMANDER SURPRISED BREAKFAST AWAITS HIM

[illegible] Received Him in Regal Style After Defeat.

In the days before the civil war [illegible] was a lieutenant in the United States navy. In a number of [illegible] midshipman James Jouett because of a natural liking to[illegible] and a warm friendship grew up between the two men. When the war broke out Murphy resigned and joined the confederate navy. When the battle of Mobile Bay occurred Jouett was in command of the U. S. S. Metacomet and Murphy commanded the confederate gunboat Selma. Shortly before the battle Jouett, while at Pensacola, bethought himself of Murphy's fondness for certain delicacies of the table and bought a quantity of oysters, crabs and other tidbits which he placed on ice evidently that his old friend was about to become his prisoner.

[illegible] Murphy was in command of one of the vessels which the union ships were about to engage, Jouett informed some fellow officers that he was fond of "Pete" Murphy and that he hoped to catch him. He told them of how he had prepared to entertain him and of the stock of wine and cigars he always kept on hand in anticipation of the time when his "friendly enemy" should fall into his hands.

[illegible] comet was ordered to pursue the Selma, and as Jouett had planned, Murphy became his prisoner. At the conclusion of the fight Jouett ordered his steward to prepare a fine breakfast. The Selma struck her colors and Murphy carrying one arm in a sling on account of a wound received in the battle came aboard the Metacomet to surrender his sword.

In order that his old friend might be spared all unnecessary mortification Jouett had sent all of his men forward, leaving only two officers at the gangway when the defeated officer came aboard. Murphy drew himself erect, presented his sword in surrender and started to deliver a speech when Jouett took him by the hand and exclaimed: "I'm mighty glad to see you Murphy. Come below. Your breakfast's been waiting for you for some time."

When they reached the cabin where the table was spread with various palatable dishes, particularly those of which Murphy was specially fond, he turned to Jouett and gasped out in astonishment: "Why didn't you tell me you had all this? I think I'd have surrendered long before I did."

The two old friends then sat down and ate as if there had never been a war in which they had aligned themselves on opposing sides.—The Pathfinder.

FREES RIM FROM TIRE

New Device Reverses Process in Case of Blow-Out.

A tool has been designed which is intended to lessen the labor of taking off rims. It removes the rim from the tire, not the tire from the rim—the ordinary method. No hamering or prying is necessary, and the rim and tire are therefore undamaged by the operation.

To remove the rim the tool is placed with the three hooks over the edge of the rim and the lever pressed down. This motion contracts the rim causing the one end to lap over the other, and the whole to come off the casing easily. The tool consists of a handle to which are attached three arms with hooks, and a lever. When pressed down this lever causes one arm to be pulled, thus loosening the rim and lapping that end of the rim under the other end.

Wobbly wheels, caused by hammering them off, are impossible when the tool is used. The remover can be used with any split rim now in use, and a modification of the device is made for use on solid rims.—Popular Science.

FOLKS WE ALL KNOW

If your name is Smith, you've met the Village Cut-Up, for on being introduced he says, "Smith? I've heard that Name before." This may be Fun but men have been Killed for less. If he wants to Know how Funny he really is, he should Try to Sell some of his Humor to the Comic Papers.

Triplets Added to Fifteen

Gainesville, Texas.—Triplets were born to Mrs. Mae Mills, a resident of Gainesville for several years. She already was the mother of fifteen children, all living and healthy. The triplets are healthy and will live. The mother is about 40 years [illegible] father [illegible]

ARGENTINE RULER A MAN OF MYSTERY

Shakes Country With Reforms, Tho He Went Into Office With[illegible]

Buenos Aires, Argentine.—Argentina is ruled by the strangest politician in all the Americas. Hipolito Irigoyen, the new president of this big South American republic, is a man of mystery and silence. His has been entirely a career of deeds, for he has never made a speech and never given out an interview.

Since he assumed the presidency last October he has sent no messages to congress and has made no statement of policy. But he has struck hard and often at corruption.

Irigoyen did not make a single pledge during his campaign for the presidency. He uttered just one statement, and that to a personal friend: "I will make an exemplary government." He went into office a profound enigma but a popular idol.

He has been a leader of the radical or liberal party for thirty years, but they have been years of unbroken silence. He has always been regarded as a reformer, but he has never avowed such a role. Some observers believe his keen-eyed man with his iron gray hair and tightly closed lips is the super statesman of South America.

When Irigoyen was inaugurated he went into office with the simplest ceremonies on record in Argentina. He wanted to ride to the capitol in a street car, but was prevailed upon by friends to take a taxicab.

Outside of taking the oath of office he spoke no word at the inauguration, [illegible] any smiling or bowing.

His first act upon becoming president was to turn over [illegible] $40,000 a year to charity. Then he provided that the poor of Buenos Aires might be quartered in public buildings.

After that he started a slashing of the public payrolls that brought shudders to the politicians. Next he began a policy of compelling the big land owners to contribute more to road building in the rural districts. It is said he will promote the breaking up of the large ranches, so that the poorer classes may become land owners and thus improve their—in many cases—wretched position.

Irigoyen is 55 years old and a bachelor. He is of humble origin, but is said to be wealthy, owning several large estates. He is a studious man and for many years held a chair in the University of Buenos Aires. By many he is regarded as the foremost economist of South America.

The Argentine president serves six years, so Irigoyen has a long time in which to work out the reforms he is said to be planning. He has the firm support of the chamber of deputies, or lower house of congress, members of which serve four years. The senate, however, is in the hands of his political foes, the conservatives, and the senators serve nine years. Not many in Argentina, however, expect the opposition of the upper house to prove of much avail against the projects of the man of silence.

HERMIT OF BAKER LAKE LEADS A CHARMED LIFE

Buried Seven Times by Snowslides, but Has Escaped Death When Other Men Perished.

Seattle, Wash.—Can some mysterious affection stir the cold heart of snow-clad Mount Baker, which has caused seven snowslides to bury Joe Morovits, the hermit dweller on the mountainside, and yet each time permits him to escape when the men with him were killed?

Does the mountain appreciate the companionship of the man who scorns human ties of family and comradeship to dwell five years alone in the mountain fastness?

"The Hermit of Baker Lake" is the title given Morovits. Last week, for the the first time in years, business brought the hermit to Seattle.

"Old Joe," as he is called by those who have met him on the rocks and snowfields of the mountain, has lived alone with the snow-clad peak for his only companion for a quarter of a century. Only when some deed of heroism is required does Old Joe step in the forefront.

A few years ago, when two Seattle attorneys went to the wilds of Mount Baker hunting bear, one of them was accidentally shot by his companion. It was then Joe Morovits, hermit, tracked thru miles of unbroken forest, carrying the wounded man on his shoulder, in a futile attempt to save his life.

Morovits has been buried seven times under snowslides, when the men sleeping in the same cabin with him were instantly killed. In speaking of the biggest slide, which carried him 2,000 feet and buried him and his dog twenty feet under the snow, Morovits said:

"It was night and I suddenly heard a hissing rumble. Then there was a crash and all was darkness. I felt myself being carried beneath a huge weight, sliding and crashing along at a furious rate. I soon lost consciousness, and when I recovered I was so cold I could hardly move. Setting to work in the dry snow, I started to dig my way out with my hands. After half an hour's hard work I came to the top of the drift and twenty minutes later my dog, which was buried with me, came scrambling out."

BUZZARD CAME BACK.

Free Half a Year, Belled Bird returned to Old Home.

Lawrenceburg, Ind.—A large old turkey buzzard that has been in the possession of Justice John W. Probst disappeared from his poultry yard last fall. Justice Probst supposed it had died. The buzzard had worn a small bell attached to its neck for many months. Sunday the justice was startled by hearing a bell ringing in the top of a tree in front of his home. He called the buzzard's name several times and was surprised to see the old bird suddenly fly down and alight [illegible]

With THEM to the VERY LAST

LIBERTY LOAN

We've been with our boys since the very first—since that day, two Aprils ago, when the Kaiser's throne commenced to totter.

Shall we forsake them now when, wounded and homesick, they need us most?

Shall we abandon them, or shall we stay with them by buying Victory Liberty Bonds?

Well, then, buy to your full limit.

Victory Liberty Loan Committee

This space contributed by

A. R. Moore's 5 and 10 Cent Store
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White Front Restaurant
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The Wellsboro Agitator
The Wellsboro Gazette.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

Looking too far ahead is likely to bring doubt—doubt of our ability and fear of the road. To do our best with what is just before us is the surest rule of success for that which is further on.

USE UP THE SMALL PORTIONS.

National War Garden Commission

WHERE the family is small and the recipe for ordinary things should serve five or six, it is economy to divide the recipe when preparing the food or hold over the leftover until the dish will appeal to the taste. The same kind of food, no matter how good, loses its charm if it appears too often. Here is a true demonstration of "familiarity breeds contempt."

When beans are baked it seems a better economy to bake with the bean pot well filled, than a small dish, as both will bake in about the same time. Beans may be set away in cool weather or near ice and kept for a week in good condition, then their reappearing will be welcome.

A good-sized cabbage may be divided, shredded, and served as coldslaw one day, then the third or fourth day another portion may be cooked and seasoned with salt, sweet fat and milk; then if there is any left it may be chopped and added to potato or tomato or other vegetable as a salad.

In these days, when it is a crime to waste any food that may be eaten, one may substitute corn oil for olive oil, thus saving quite an amount if oil is used freely.

Instead of using the bread for toast when it is slightly stale, try steaming it and serve it well buttered and a nicely seasoned dish of stewed tomatoes poured over it. A few slices of [illegible] dish, add a custard, using an egg to a cupful of milk, salt and cayenne pepper to taste, poured over it, a half cupful of grated cheese, sprinkled over and baked until the custard is set, make a good hot supper dish and is wholesome as well as economical.

When a cupful of leftover meat of any kind is at hand, add it to two cupfuls of cooked macaroni, a white or brown sauce and seasoning of onion, salt and pepper. Baked until thoroughly hot, it is a dish that will be taining enough for a main dish.

When making spice cake or molasses cookies use the cupful of cold coffee left from breakfast, for the liquid, saving milk for other foods.

[illegible] for the [illegible]

SAVED MONEY TO WED, THEN HE WAS ROBED.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Robbed of $150 which he had saved to win an obstinate father's consent to his marriage, Charles Stankus, 31 years old, of [illegible] South Front street, [illegible] himself. Friends broke into his [illegible] found him dead, hanging [illegible]

Stankus was [illegible] a girl, whose name the police do not know. The girl's father said they should wait until Stankus saved some money. By hard work and painful economy he managed to get together the $150.

Stankus carried the roll to his sweetheart's home, [illegible] it out before her father and got his consent. Everything was rosy, and the day was set for the wedding. Overjoyed, Stankus invited his friends to his home to an "engagement party."

During the party one of the guests proposed a wrestling bout, and Stankus accepted. After [illegible] rolled each other over the floor for a few minutes the guests gave up and left the house. Then Stankus missed his $150.

FAMOUS GOLD MINE IS SOLD.

Colorado Workings, Bought by Syndicate for $11,000,000, Transferred.

Colorado Springs, Colo.—The sale of the Stratton Independence mine to the Portland Gold Mining company is reported from apparently reliable sources.

Officials of the Portland company declined to affirm or deny the report, which stated that the sale had been ratified at a meeting this week of directors of the London syndicate owning the property.

The Stratton Independence was last sold to the English syndicate for $11,000,000 by the late W. S. Stratton.

Premier Lloyd George in addressing the British House of Commons on the work of the peace conference, denied that the United States is at variance with Europe, but warned that the situation is still full of perils and asked that "those who are doing their best be let alone."

AN ACT OF KINDNESS.

A Wellsboro Resident Speaks Publicly for the Benefit of Wellsboro People.

If you had suffered tortures from kidney trouble.

Had experimented with different remedies without relief;

If you were finally cured through a friend's suggestion—

Wouldn't you be grateful?

The following statement has been given under just such circumstances: Mr. Whitney [illegible] Doan's Kidney Pills.

He publicly tells of the benefit he has received.

His is a simple act of kindness to other Wellsboro sufferers.

No need to experiment with such convincing evidence at hand.

Mr. Whitney speaks from experience.

You can rely on what he tells you.

Fred D. Whitney, Water St., says: "I suffered frightfully at times and the greatest relief I have ever had has been from the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. I have used different remedies but they did me no good. I can say that Doan's have done me more good than any medicine I have ever used."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Whitney had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

C&B LINE

DAILY BETWEEN BUFFALO & CLEVELAND

3 MAGNIFICENT STEAMERS 3

The Great Ship "SEEANDBEE" — "CITY OF ERIE" — "CITY OF BUFFALO"

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Leave Buffalo - 9:00 P. M. | Eastern Standard Time | Leave Cleveland - 9:00 P. M.
Arrive Cleveland - 7:30 A. M. | | Arrive Buffalo - 7:30 A. M.

[illegible] at Cleveland for Cedar Point, Put-in-Bay, Toledo and other points. Railroad tickets reading between Buffalo and Cleveland are good for [illegible] Ask your ticket agent or American Express Agent for tickets via C & B Line. [illegible] Round Trip, with [illegible]

[illegible] colored sectional puzzle chart of The Great Ship "SEEANDBEE" sent on receipt of five cents. Also ask for our [illegible] booklet free.

The Cleveland & Buffalo Transit Company, Cleveland, Ohio

The Great Ship "SEEANDBEE" — the largest and most costly passenger steamer on inland waters [illegible]

FARE $[illegible]

Hands Up!

By RALPH BEACH WALL.

(Copyright.)

[illegible] wild, unsubdued fire in [illegible] eyes. By the way she threw back her [illegible] to her mount, a [illegible] that she was all [illegible] of spirit, who [illegible]

Bess was not accustomed [illegible] through the gorge trail, covered only by a stage from Silverhead, a neighboring mining town. Usually [illegible]

It was half in anger toward him that she had chosen the lonesome, some said dangerous, route.

She had seen Phil two hours before, and, as usual, had shouted an invitation for him to ride with her.

"Can't! I'm busy today. See you later," he answered, waving his hat to her and galloping on.

There was something in his eyes [illegible] the girl, when she remembered it. It was for that reason half an hour later, Bess had chosen the lonely gorge road.

She wanted to be alone to think about Phil, and weigh her father's doubts about the young fellow, who seemed to do nothing save idle his time away, and who had never been [illegible] young. Since he had come town two months [illegible]

Why did he occasionally go off on his horse alone, and not come back till the next day? Who were the city men he often met at the daily train, and somehow [illegible] day or two?

He had never explained his business to Bess.

The night before he had asked her [illegible] had come to her so suddenly that all she could do was ask for time.

"I will answer you tomorrow evening," she had said.

She could not understand his urgency, the eagerness in his voice.

"But I have many things to think of," she protested. "You know how father is opposed to you. It's partly because you look city-bred, and still know horses and mining so well. He seems to be almost suspicious of you."

"I can easily clear up any suspicion," he had answered confidently. "But I want my answer now. Tomorrow may be too late."

Why had he repeated that ominous warning? Had he planned anything for today? Was he in danger of any kind?

At that moment the rumble of wheels behind her caused Bess to [illegible] She had already reached a lonely spot in the gorge, some miles from town.

It was the stage from Silverhead, [illegible] its cargo of silver and passengers, winding through the gully, cut sharply between high cliffs. The four horses were straining at their load, and coming along at a smart [illegible]

Bess whipped up her horse to gain a wider part of the road where the coach could pass her.

The passage was uneven and full of rocks. Riding being difficult, the girl bent all her attention on the steed.

At a sharp turn in the road something scared the skittish cayuse. A second later the animal shied at a big bowlder confronting them, and Bess was hurled through the air, over his head, landing in a jut in the wall.

[illegible] from her belt with the jolt, and the frightened cayuse galloped on alone.

When the girl pulled herself together she found that the horse had thrown her into an opening, a little pocket in the natural stone wall at the turning which commanded a view of the road on both sides of the sharp corner.

She glanced out, and found the stage drawing near at a rapid rate; then, looking in the opposite direction, Bess saw her cayuse galloping madly already half a mile away.

The revolver that had jolted loose was the next thing to attract her attention, and she was about to slide down and recover it from the ledge, two feet below, when a quick movement attracted her in the direction her horse had taken.

The girl's eyes dilated and she seemed frozen to the spot, as she watched three masked horsemen nearing the gully road through a narrow defile down one side.

In a moment Bess realized. The stage was thundering on.

She slipped forward to get the gun. The stage was not a hundred yards off.

Bess glanced apprehensively at the three grim horsemen, partly concealed behind a bowlder at the roadside.

The hand reaching for the revolver drew back sharply. She caught in her breath with a convulsive gasp.

B[illegible] had recognized in that instant the leader of the bandits.

It was Phil.

Around his neck was the very handkerchief she had spent weeks embroidering for him, every stitch an expression of love and faith.

[illegible] steel. Her teeth snapped together, and she made a quick grasp for the revolver.

With it secure in her hand, she hesitated but a moment; then, her cheeks white and lips drawn, she steadily [illegible] the revolver at her unsuspecting lover, who, with his men, awaited the stage.

There was the love of a savage and the hate of a savage in her expression. A[illegible] had found [illegible] her lover at last. [illegible]

The hammer had become jammed [illegible] the jolting received when it fell from her belt.

Glancing up, her wits [illegible] this sudden discovery, she saw the stage rolling past the gap.

It was too late. The gun had failed, and the stage had passed before she could give the warning.

"Hands up!"

The gruff growl made Bess grow faint, and her eyes swam. For in it [illegible] the same tone that she knew so well in Phil's voice, but it was so brutal, so different.

She watched, with a stifling [illegible] and heaving bosom, as a shot rang out [illegible] who had not obeyed the summons quickly enough, tumbled from his seat and [illegible] his back in [illegible]

Bess sprang to her feet, aflare with madness. Her wits worked rapidly; she must do something to cope with his brutality.

The bandits [illegible] the [illegible] horses, and in a moment a trembling party of travelers filed slowly from the stage.

They lined up in a row, their hands high above their heads.

Bess gave a strangled gasp, a sudden impulse seized her, and she leaped to the road, her revolver clubbed and clutched tensely.

With blind fury she flew to the head [illegible] red-rimmed.

The leader evidently saw her coming. He darted forward, and a minute later Bess found herself struggling and fighting in his strong arms. He knocked the revolver from her hand and tried to explain something in eager words.

But she would not listen. She screamed with rage and for a moment his very touch was the blight. His hands seared her wherever they rested.

In the meantime his companions continued their [illegible] attention to him.

With a wild gleam in his eyes, Phil suddenly forced her back and held her tightly explaining to her, trying to get the girl to listen to his defense.

Through sheer weakness Bess finally had to listen. Then the words had their effect. Her eyes gleamed, she looked at him squarely and became more quiet.

"Wait here!" he cried suddenly. "I'll go back and get the stuff. Wait here for me."

As he dashed off Bess sank to the ground, utterly spent, and she lay sobbing weakly, while her lover rushed back to the frightened group of travelers, swooped up the valuables, tied them in a wide handkerchief, mounted his horse, fired several shots in the air, and swung down the trail to where Bess sat in a heap, wondering trying to reassure herself that all he had said was true.

Half a mile from the holdup scene he drew rein abruptly and turned to Bess with a reassuring smile.

"I had to go this far," he explained. "They need a slide in the picture of the bandits getting away, and I guess mine was some picturesque getaway."

"Your butting in helped the picture a good deal, Bess. They'll change the idea and label this part: 'Wife Pleading With Bandit Chief.'"

"Phil," she said, looking up with yearning eyes, in which the slightest suggestion of a smile was beginning to glow, "is it really over? I know it must be. But the thing seemed so real at the time. I never saw a moving picture taken before."

"Well, it won't be the last one you'll see taken, I hope," the man smiled, wiping her tear-stained face with the handkerchief she had made for him.

"That's my business. The people in the stage-coach and my confederates are all actors; the man who did the stage-fall from the driver's seat is my brother. We're in partnership in the business."

"But why didn't you explain all this before?" queried the girl, the smile succeeding in erasing some of the tragic tensity of her features.

"Well, people are curious about moving pictures; they want to come and see them taken. That spoils the whole thing, and I didn't want to be bothered."

"Haven't I bothered you, Phil, just a little?" she asked, the smile asserting itself boldly for the first time.

"You've bothered me more than anything has for a long time," he cried, reaching [illegible]

"Well," she said, having recovered her natural spirit entirely. "I guess I'll fix it up with you and a justice of the peace, so I can have the exclusive privilege of bothering you all the rest of your life."

"So you've made up your mind at last," he cried, inclosing her in a tender embrace.

She threw off his arms playfully and spurred the horse into action; they galloped back to the moving-picture party and announced their engagement.

Then Bess told of how she had almost tried to kill the bandit chief, assuring them, however, that even if the hammer hadn't been jammed she couldn't have hit him with such a trembly hand.

OILCAN HAS BELLOWS

The usual oil can gives only a small spurt of oil when pressed, and to eject any considerable quantity, the pressure must be repeated many times [illegible] can has been made with a metal bellows within it, which is entirely free from the sides. As long as pressure is maintained on the bellows, oil is forced out of the spout in a steady stream, and in a quantity dependent on the force placed behind the operator's thumb.

When the pressure is released, a spring forces the bellows open again, thus drawing back all the oil in the [illegible] untidiness and waste. When the bellows is fully extended, a valve is closed over the opening into [illegible] spout, so [illegible] not escape even if the can by some [illegible] should be upset. The can is [illegible] durable favor.

SMALLER TOWNS GET BIG SHARE OF LOAN FEATURES

Dirigible Balloon Flights, War Trains, Loudest Speakers Are Provided.

Rural communities throughout the entire Third Federal Reserve District [illegible] ing the Victory Loan Drive than in any of the four preceding loans.

Features galore, many of them entirely novel, will be ready for the enjoyment of the great mass of people who live outside the [illegible] Something will be doing almost constantly from the start of the campaign on April 21 until it closes May 10.

No detail has been overlooked in the effort to make this last campaign most intensive in the smaller towns and country districts. Plans already completed and others which are under way provide for carrying Liberty's message into every corner of the district.

One of the biggest features is the [illegible] of a huge man-carrying balloon equipped with all its engines of destruction as used in actual warfare. This balloon will travel from its [illegible] the district, making at least two [illegible] each week of the campaign.

During its daily flights it will be [illegible] time will be spent in flying over the towns and communities far into the interior. It is capable of making a speed of 50 miles an hour and easily can reach the most distant communities and return the same day, making [illegible] each of the towns visited. On each train will be an exhibit of captured German [illegible] "whipping" [illegible] will be [illegible] down a parade. Local speakers in each instance will be asked to join with the soldiers in conveying the Victory Loan message to the people. Time of arrival of the train at each town will be announced beforehand in the local papers, so that the country people can arrange to be in town for the event.

Of course, the government is not going to fail because any one individual does not subscribe to the Loan, but if there are a few million non-subscribers, then the government will be sadly incommoded financially and the results on every phase of national life will be serious.

This is the answer the returned heroes will have for the man who takes the "let George do it" attitude, who says there are plenty of other men who can better afford to subscribe to the Loan.

Reports received at headquarters every day show conclusively that the rural campaign is to date of the most encouraging nature. Great results are expected and all the Central Committee Loan workers are confident oversubscription will result in every district.

Dans [illegible] for visits to all sections by returned American heroes, the men who offered their lives for the American cause and who still are giving [illegible] time that [illegible] further to lend aid to the government.

These men, many of them just recovered from serious wounds, have volunteered to act as Victory Loan speakers. They will be in all sections and their message is one of particular interest in remote districts.

War trains, bearing the speakers, will make stops anywhere from a half [illegible] each of the towns visited. On each train will be an exhibit of captured German [illegible] "whipping" [illegible] will be [illegible] down a parade. Local speakers in each instance will be asked to join with the soldiers in conveying the Victory Loan message to the people. Time of arrival of the train at each town will be announced beforehand in the local papers, so that the country people can arrange to be in town for the event.

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The capable will be piloted by one of the most capable flyers in the Navy, Ensign C. [illegible] Lyndon, of New York, who spent many months guarding the Atlantic Coast from the air, on the lookout for German submarines. He has mastered every trick of operating the big monitor of the air and will fly at low altitude, so that good opportunity may be had to observe the manipulation of the balloon. During his flights he will from time to time release smoke bombs, such as were thrown about troopships when they were being convoyed across the Atlantic. He will also drop Victory Loan literature.

Another big feature will be the distribution of interesting motion picture films to hundreds of towns—some of them showing American soldiers in action in France. Deeds of doughboy heroism, which put fear into the heart of the Boche, tales of the "Teufel Hunden" or "Devil Dogs," as the Germans called the American marines, and exploits of "those fool Yankees" who dashed over the top with no thought of personal safety—these and other thrilling features will be shown on the screen.

Another strong appeal has been designed especially for the rural dis-

MEET MISS VICTORY!

[illegible] was made in the [illegible] Philadelphia, to be placed in South Penn Square during the Victory Loan campaign. Nine smaller ones will be set up in outlying sections of the city. In the center is shown the sculptor, Tom Robertson. The other men in the picture, from left to right, are W. Morgan Churchman, A. E. Berry and R. E. Norton, Associate Directors of the War Loan Organization; Gilbert E. Gable, Director of Publicity, and John H. [illegible], Director of the War Loan Organization.

Hoarded Money Is Coming Out.

That the people hoarded considerable money during the war is proved by the amount that is coming to the [illegible] business. Motor car salesmen are selling more cars for cash than they ever dreamed [illegible] ahead of [illegible] it to emerge now and [illegible] automobile industry is [illegible] it directly to labor and [illegible] commercial business.

—The Ind[illegible]

ing is the form of cash. This was money that was carefully saved during the four and a half years [illegible] against a possible [illegible]

MOST SKILLFUL OF COUNTERFEITERS

MAN WHO LOOKS LIKE POET SAID TO HAVE PASSED $100,000

PRISONER AT LAST

KNOWS THE SILK PAPER SECRET

After Many Years of Success, He Remained Too Long in a Small Town.

Washington.—His career ended at 29, H. R. Wilken today faces a penitentiary sentence of [illegible] up to 15 years when he is tried at San Francisco for counterfeiting. But, while he may drop out for a time, he will have left behind him a lot of visiting cards—in the form of the most nearly perfect counterfeit $1, $5 and $10 bills ever shoved across a counter in payment for a small purchase, according to the secret service.

Wilken was arrested at Santa Cruz, Cal., by Secret Service men, who say they obtained a confession during a subsequent trip to San Francisco, where he is held for trial. When he landed in jail Secret Service men, from Chief Flyn down to the newest operative, heaved long, deep sighs of relief.

Wilken is a young man. Where he started the police do not know. The [illegible] heard of him was when [illegible] excellent counterfeit bills began coming back to the treasury from [illegible] over the country which had accepted them as genuine. The chase for their manufacture started. It led the secret service throughout the country several times and ended in Santa Cruz.

For some years Wilken flitted gaily about from town to town, the service says, leaving in his trail all sorts of counterfeit bills. The first charged to him were $1 bills, made of sheets of paper pasted together, with the familiar strands of silk in between. Lots of the bills were found, and many worthy citizens who tried to use them found their way into police stations to undergo question. But there never was a trace of the owner.

The Secret Service is authority for this story about one of them. A Binghampton (N. Y.) bank several days ago received a $1 bill about which there was some question—apparently after it had been accepted as genuine. No other bill of the series being in the bank, a runner was sent to a neighborhood bank for a sample. He brought it back. It compared exactly with the questioned bill. Then someone investigated bill No. 2. It also was counterfeit.

One of Wilken's bills—a counterfeit of the "Buffalo" $5 Treasury note—is regarded by many experts as one of the best—or worst—counterfeits ever "put over." One official who discussed it after Wilken's arrest asked that a warning be sent out for banks to watch for specimens of it, which, it is feared, will be "floaters"—exceptionally well made counterfeits that are accepted long after the maker has been arrested—going around through the country until they wear out. These bills are declared to be in nearly every large city in the country.

As to paper and engraving, they match almost perfect a genuine bill—and amateurs have been unable to detect them even when told they are counterfeit. But one defect resulted in its discovery. In the headdress of the Indian there are a number of tiny fine feathers in the case of genuine bills. In the counterfeit these are missing, and there is a white space. But few persons have noticed the lack of feathers, and still less have known by their absence that the bill is counterfeit. It has been accepted, as have other bills, at banks as genuine—and they probably will continue to be accepted.

Banks now are watching for Wilken's last alleged bill, the $10 Federal Reserve. That is another bill said to be one of the best out.

Wilken was caught after years of search, during which it is declared he circulated counterfeit bills of the face value of over $100,000. And if he hadn't stayed at the little town of Santa Cruz, where persons who spend one type of bill are easily found, he might not have been arrested. In larger cities the bills always had been discovered days or weeks after they had been dumped on the town.

It is believed by many that Wilken has the secret of making the "distinctive" paper used by the Government for its notes. Some of his bills are believed to have been raised from smaller ones, but many of them, although impossible to detect, bear the appearance of having been made from "distinctive" paper of unauthorized manufacture. Such bills are expensive to make, but, as in the case of many counterfeit gold coins, sometimes worth $3.50 [illegible] face value, there is a margin of "profit."

Wilken himself, from his photographs, is highly artistic. He looks [illegible] exceptionally high and broad forehead, a small black mustache over a small [illegible] Altogether, he bears a really good resemblance to portraits of Poe. If the Secret Service stories are accurate, he drove, after his own fashion, almost as good a peh.

Don't cultivate the potatoes when out in bloom, or coming out, unless you want a lot of stunted little tubers. Cultivate them before they get that big, and hoe them clean of weeds.

[illegible] soften [illegible] shoes that have been hardened by water and make them as pliable as new.

SAYS ROUNDHEADS ARE BEST BUSINESS MEN

Declares Soft-handed Men Are Soft Headed—Means Easy Victims.

New York.—What? Look at your young man's business rating.—Nonsense! Look at his head. Size of your [illegible] More nonsense! Look at his nose. Worry [illegible] his bank account? Not at all. [illegible] never about his bank account because if he has the right sort of chin the bank account will [illegible] and if he [illegible] is a roundhead—well, if he is a roundhead, grab and wed him on the spot. [illegible] advice to young women with a longing for matrimony is given by Katherine M. H. Blackford, the scientist.

She has got things to such a fine point that she can look at a man and tell exactly what he will do in any given circumstances. And she has a tip for the Hand Holders' Society that ought to be worth fortunes.

The horny-handed man isn't what poetry says he is. He may be noble and a pioneer and all that, but his heart is likely to be harder than the [illegible] made to loosen up except with dynamite or a threat of jail.

Dr. Blackford says the man with a soft hand is also likely to have a soft heart, and any girl knows what she can do to a soft heart. The only drawback is that the soft-hearted man is likely to be mushy and wants to spend his time in kissing when he should be hustling for the where-with to pay the landlord.

Dr. Blackford says science has [illegible] is occupied by the brains that control the soul, the [illegible] and the [illegible] things of life, while the space behind the ears is filled with animal instinct.

Working on this theory she explains that the prefect man is the one with ears in the middle—and that generally means a round head. The flat head means he probably will develop into a deacon and a leading citizen, but have a leaning toward cantankerousness, while if his head is long on top he is going to thirst for monkey dinners and the privilege of sitting next to the smart set.

And the man with the high head—that is, one whose dome slopes up from the eyebrows like a cocoanut—that's the man who writes "The snow that snows in the spring, let us sing," and maybe tries to interpret Greek emotions by means of Greek dances. He's ornamental, true, but instead of doing the feeding, he has to be fed.

MUSICAL SAW IDEA BRINGS MAN RICHES

Sweet-toned Strips of Steel Please Public—Stage Hands Try to Master Method.

Minneapolis, Minn.—There's a man in Minneapolis who has built himself a big house, bought a $15,000 farm and is raising five adopted youngsters all with the saw. And he's not a member of the sawyers' union either; neither is he competition with the rotary variety, or the rip-saw or the gasoline propelled sort that pulls up to your back door and saws cordwood for your winter fireplace. And what's still more, the saw hasn't any teeth.

It's a musical saw that has brought riches to the man. Being properly urged by a small drumstick it sings "Yankee Doodle," "Old Kentucky Home," "Suwanee River" or any of the other old standbys. Fitch Cooper is "the man with the saw."

The idea that a saw could be used to play on originated with Cooper when he was a small boy. He tells how he went to town with his father, who was a farmer, to buy one of these first aids to a woodpile, and his father in testing the saws hit them and listened to the ring of the steel.

After the manner of the small boy Newton and the falling apple, young Cooper reflected on this, and later when a circus came to town and he got acquainted with the xylophone, he went about looking for twelve saws with which to make one of these instruments.

Then came the further enlargement of the idea; if one note from a saw, why not all the notes. And this he achieved by bending the saw, producing the same effect as by loosening and tightening the strings of a violin.

That same saw idea has played the dickens around theaters where Mr. Cooper has exhibited it. More than one "property" man has been missed and finally located below stage trying to drag melody out of a 50-cent discard from the stage carpenter's tool box.

COUGHS UP TOOTH AND PLATE

Speaker's Thorax Freed From Obstruction After Nine Months.

Yonkers, N. Y.—In a violent fit of coughing Assemblyman George Blakely ejected from his throat a hard rubber plate attached to which was an artificial tooth, which had been lodged in his thorax nine months.

While making a political speech Assemblyman Blakely's artificial tooth and the plate holding it in place became dislodged and slipped into his throat. All efforts to dislodge it failed, and the Assemblyman's voice was [illegible] speak only with difficulty and had to abandon his campaign, altho he was re-elected for his fourth term.

When the obstruction was dislodged Mr. Blakely recovered the full use of his voice. He and his family and friends are happy over the [illegible]

The Longer the [illegible]

"Do you believe in [illegible]"

"Of course. The longer a [illegible] is engaged, the [illegible]

[illegible]

Human hair grows at the rate of 1095 of an inch a day.

[illegible] which lightning is [illegible]

Prominent financiers and business men of Copenhagen are [illegible] interested in a movement to establish a substitute for the saloon, the project involving a plan to establish houses of recreation centers throughout the city, which will take the place of the saloons as "poor men's clubs." Wherever possible these recreation centers and cafeterias will be located in buildings now occupied by saloons, making them bid for the trade that now goes to John Barleycorn.

—Male workers to the number of 1,516,000 were replaced by women in England during the war.

[illegible] Australian Black Orpington hen laid 325 eggs in twelve months.

Proclamation in Divorce

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania: To RUTH E. CRANDALL, Resident Whereas, Hanes W. Crandall, did on the 18th day of [illegible] A. D. 1918, prefer his petition to the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Tioga, Pennsylvania, praying that for causes therein set forth he might be divorced from the Bonds of Matrimony entered into with you the said Ruth E. Crandall. We have therefore commanded you that [illegible] all manner of business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Wellsboro, at the Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the said County, on the fourth Monday of April next to answer the petition or libel of the said Hanes W. Crandall, and to show cause if any you have, why the said Hanes W. Crandall, your husband, should not be divorced from the Bonds of Matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of General Assembly in such case made and provided. Hereof fail not.

Witness the Honorable Sevellon F. Channell, President Judge of our said Court at Wellsboro, Pa., the 24th day of March, A. D. 1919. Edson J. Catlin, Prothonotary.

FRED S. HUSTED,
April 3, 1919-4t. Sheriff.

Court Proclamation.

Whereas, Sevellon F. Channell, President Judge of the Fourth Judicial District, composed of the county of Tioga, [illegible] the holding of an Orphans' Court, Court of Common Pleas, General Quarter Sessions of Over and Terminer at Wellsboro, in and for the county of Tioga, Pennsylvania, on the [illegible] FOURTH MONDAY of MAY, being the 26th day, A. D. 1919, and to continue three weeks. Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables in and for said county of Tioga to appear in their own proper persons, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances to do those things which of their offices and their behalf appertain to be done; and all witnesses and other persons prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any person or persons are required to be then and there attending and not to depart at their peril. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance at the appointed time agreeably to notice.

Given under my hand and seal, at the Sheriff's office in Wellsboro, the 12th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen.

FRED S. HUSTED,
April 17, 1919 5t. Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sales.

By virtue of writs of fieri facias and venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the courthouse in Wellsboro, Pa., on MONDAY, APRIL 28, 1919, at one o'clock p. m., the following described property in Tioga county, Pa.:

1. All that lot of land situate in Gaines township, Tioga county, Pennsylvania, described as follows: Beginning at a post standing 228 perches northerly from the township line between Elk township and Gaines township at a point in the road leading to Gaines, Pennsylvania; thence west 90.9 perches to a corner; thence south 96.3 perches to a corner; thence east 107.5 perches to a corner in the road; thence by the corner of said road, viz: north, 31 degrees west, 24.4 perches; north, 14½ degrees west, 23 perches; north, 9½ degrees east, 33 perches to the place of beginning. Being No. 3 in Warrant 2501. Containing 50 acres, more or less, and an allowance of 310 perches for roads. And being same land described in deed from Homer Health and Mabel A., his wife, and Alvin J. Heath and Mary E. Heath, his wife to Joseph Johns, recorded in Tioga county in Record Book 123, page 188. About 40 acres improved, with a two-story frame dwelling-house, a two-story frame building built for a house or shop, a frame barn with shed attached, other outbuildings and some fruit and other trees thereon and watered by a small stream. To be sold as the property of Joseph Johns, suit of William Brecher, use of N. C. Whitaker.

2. The interest of Amos Preston in all that lot of land situate in Lawrence township, Tioga county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the center of the highway, the southeast corner hereof; thence along said road N., 24½ degrees W., 36½ perches to a post in said road; thence N., 8¾ degrees E., 6.9 perches to the lands of the Tioga Railroad Company; thence along the lands of said company N., 10½ degrees W., 6.4 perches to a post on the north bank of Westbrook creek; thence S., 78 degrees W., 7.1 perches to a post; thence south 2 perches to a post in the center of the road aforesaid; thence S., 68 degrees W., 28 perches; thence N., 84 degrees W., 29 perches to a post, the northeast corner of Lucian M. Smith lands; thence S., 6 degrees E., along lands of said Lucian M. Smith, 21.2 perches to the southeast corner of said Smith; thence S., 86 degrees E., 75.5 perches to the place of beginning. Containing 11.1 acres of land, more or less, and being the same land conveyed to Watrous Preston by C. H. Shepherd and wife by deed dated April 1st, 1913, and recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in and for the county of Tioga, in Record Book of Deeds Vol. 144, at page 358. All improved, with a one-story frame dwelling-house and some fruit and ornamental trees thereon. To be sold as the property of Mark Preston, Admr. of Amos Preston, suit of James Preston, now for use of C. B. Lugg, Admr. Estate of James Preston.

3. Also the undivided one-half interest of Amos Preston in a tract of land containing six hundred seventy-nine (679) acres, in Elk township, Tioga county, Pennsylvania, surveyed upon and known as Warrant numbered 4435. Being the same land conveyed to A. M. [illegible] ton by deed from the Commissioners of Tioga county, dated August 1st, 1901, and recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in and for the county of Tioga, in Record Book of Deeds Vol. 119, at page 426. To be sold as the property of Mark Preston, Admr. of Amos Preston, suit of James Preston, now for use of C. B. Lugg, Admr. Estate of James Preston.

4. All that lot of land situate in Charleston township, Tioga county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner hereof; thence by land now or formerly of Peter Dockstader south, 88 degrees east, 56 and 3-10 rods to a post; thence north, 2½ degrees east, 149 and 6-10 rods to the center of the Gilky road and the south line of land formerly of Mary Hart; thence by said road and line south, 80¼ degrees west, 34 rods, and south, 73½ degrees west, 12 and 4-10 rods to line of lands formerly of Nathan Lester; thence by the east line of said Lester lot south, 3½ degrees west, 135 and 7-10 rods to the place of beginning; containing 49 and 8-10 acres, more or less.

5. Also all that other lot situate in said Charleston township, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post the southeast corner of land formerly of Nathan Lester; thence along the same and lands of L. H. Shumway north, 84¼ degrees west, 29 rods to the center of the Gilky road; thence by center of said road north, 44¾ degrees east, 15 and 2-10 rods to a post, and north, 38½ degrees east, 9 and 2-10 rods, and north, 56 degrees east, 17 and 2-10 rods to the west line of the lot above described; thence by said line south, 3¼ degrees west, 29 and 3-10 rods to the place of beginning; containing two and three-fourth acres, more or less.

The tract above described lots [illegible] lands conveyed to said J. [illegible] by N. W. Martin and wife by deed dated Nov. 14, 1911, and recorded in Tioga county in Deed Book No. 147, at page 314, [illegible] all improved, on which is situated a large frame barn with basement, out buildings, fruit and ornamental trees, well watered and a drilled well of water. To be sold as the property of J. Edward Smith and Minnie E. Smith, Administratrix of J. Edward Smith, deceased, suit of N. W. Martin, for use of Nellie R. Martin.

6. All that certain lot of land situate in the borough of Blossburg, county of Tioga and state of Pennsylvania, and known as Lot No. 14 of Block three of James H. Graham's new addition to the borough of Blossburg, lying on the west side of Williamson road, being fifty feet in width on Williamson street and extending in a westerly direction back one hundred and eighty feet, and being same land conveyed [illegible] Amos T. Merrick to Hiram Short by deed dated August 23, 1898, and recorded in Tioga county in Record Book No. [illegible] Improved with a [illegible] house with kitchen [illegible] shed and [illegible] To [illegible]

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lawaha in the cypress glades of Florida. Another notable feature is a series of sensational pictures filmed over the city of Washington. The admirable program is rounded out by a number of amusing film novelties and animated cartoons from the Howe studios.

The Gazette.

THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1919.

New Ads.

Notice—Henry Wedge.
Glasses—Walker Lewis.
Girl Wanted—Kandy Kitchen.
Lawn Mowers—W. W. Lowell.
Notice—Wellsboro Kandy Kitchen.
Anniversary Celebration—Bernkopf's.
Why Beefsteak Is High—Swift & Co.
Watch Your Children—J. E. Benjamin.
The Stylecraft Store—Mathers & March.
The Woman's Shop—Finkelstein & Mack.
Wellsboro Borough Taxes—H. E. Raesly.
Middlebury Union Cemetery—L. N. Green.
Howe's Travel Festival—O. B. Roberts & Son.
Victory Loan—Tioga County Savings and Trust Co.

BRIEF HOME LOCALS.

—Howe's Travel Festival next Monday evening.

—Miss Rose Wagner spent Easter in New York city.

—Mrs. G. Mason Owlett is visiting her parents at Somerset, Pa.

—Hon. H. M. Foote, of Washington, spent a few days in town last week.

—I. J. Focht is spending a few days in Rochester this week on business.

—Attention of U. S. service men is called to the notice in another column.

—You can't convince the fly fisherman that all things come to those who bait.

—Robert Roy and S. Y. Doumaux were in Harrisburg the first of the week on business.

—Howard Catlin was home from the University of Pennsylvania for the Easter vacation.

—Mrs. George Dusinberre is spending a few days with her son, Merrick, at Annapolis, Md.

—Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Siemens and Miss Harriet Simpson are spending the week in New York city.

—Mrs. Horam, of Lewisburg, has been visiting at the home of her son, W. L. Horam, the past week.

—The residence of John McInroy on East avenue is being greatly improved by a handsome new porch.

—Private Harry Comfort, who returned from overseas a few weeks ago, arrived in town last Saturday.

—Register and Recorder William S. Woodhouse and family spent Easter at Geneva, N. Y., with relatives.

—Mrs. R. J. Davis and Miss Antoinette Durif left Sunday morning for a week's pleasure trip in Buffalo.

—Mrs. Wm. Shiefen and little son, of Elmira, visited at the home of her brother, Joseph Merz, yesterday.

—Mrs. M. L. Bacon has returned from New Mexico where she spent the winter with her son, Dr. John Bacon.

—Misses Emily March and Mary and Elizabeth Dwyer, of the faculty of the public schools, spent Easter in New York city.

—Mrs. Carrie Herrington, who is employed as a nurse at the hospital in Punxsutawney, visited relatives in town the past week.

—See the Victory Liberty advertisement with the caption, "Tell Them to Go to Hell!" on page six. Read it and then buy a bond.

—Floyd Herrington, of New Salem, Pa., is spending a few days in town, being called here by the death of his father, S. L. Herrington.

—"The Man of Might" is the title of the Gazette's next serial. It is a story with a thousand thrills. Watch for the opening chapter.

—E. W. Mack last Saturday accompanied his mother, Mrs. R. W. Mack, to Williamsport, where she is receiving medical treatment at a private hospital.

—Mrs. J. E. Nancarrow spent the Easter vacation with Mr. Nancarrow at the home of his parents in Jersey Shore. Mr. Nancarrow is a member of the Williamsport High School faculty.

—William E. Champaign, who has been doing work in the Red Cross service at Newport News, Va., returned home last Thursday, having been honorably discharged from Red Cross work.

—Owing to the scarcity of ice, which makes the price almost prohibitive, the Wellsboro Kandy Kitchen will not deliver ice cream packed in less than gallon lots. See notice elsewhere.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Campbell, who recently sold their farm on Deane Hill, have moved to the home of Mrs. Campbell's mother, Mrs. Job Wetmore, on Wetmore street, where they will made their future home.

—Messrs. James M. Hawk, W. R. Bliss and R. E. Peters, all employes at the New York Central station, have formed a company to be known as the Wellsboro Ice Cream Company for the manufacture and sale of ice cream to the trade.

—Lieutenant Colonel John B. Carnett, commanding officer of the University of Pennsylvania Hospital Unit No. 20, returned to his home in Philadelphia last Saturday. Colonel Carnett is a son of the late J. B. Carnett, a former resident of Ansonia.

—Mrs. George Miller is packing her household goods and with her two sons, Harry and Frederick, expect to leave in a few days to make their future home in Wellsboro. The best wishes of their many friends will follow them to their new home. —Galeton Dispatch.

—According to the custom which has prevailed the past year or more, Wellsboro went "over the top" in the drive for the Armenian-Syrian relief fund, subscribing $1,400 in cash, more than double its quota of $600. Of this amount the public schools subscribed over $90.

—Charles Bodine was in New York city last Wednesday and met his son, Captain Francis S. Bodine, who has been serving with the U. S. Medical Corps in France and England for nearly two years. He was reported in good health and spirits and expects to be discharged from the service in a few days.

—Private Hugh Glennon returned home Tuesday from the U. S. Government Hospital at Carlisle, Pa., where he has been receiving treatment for a wound received in the engagement before the armistice was signed. He was a member of the 79th Division, and returned from overseas about the first of March.

—Glenn Campbell, of Shippen, on Monday caught a brown trout in Pine creek, about one and a half miles below Ansonia, which measured 25 inches and weighed 5 pounds and 14 ounces. This is said to be the largest trout of this species ever caught in this section of the State. The fish was exhibited here Tuesday and attracted much attention.

—On Monday afternoon at a meeting of the Board of County Commissioners the resignation of A. H. Dartt as chief clerk was formally accepted and C. A. Plaisted, assistant clerk, was appointed to succeed him, the change to take effect May 1st. Robert L. Benjamin, who returned home last Friday from New Mexico, having been honorably discharged from the aviation corps in the U. S. service, was appointed assistant clerk. He began his new duties at once.

—John VanSice, aged nearly 87 years, died last Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the home of his daughter, Mrs. E. R. Mulford, on Tioga street. He has been an invalid about fifteen months, caused by a stroke of apoplexy. He was a veteran of the Civil War, having served in Co. A, 149th Pa. Vol. Infantry. The deceased is survived by the daughter mentioned and a son, Jay VanSice, of Wellsboro. The funeral was held at two o'clock Tuesday afternoon; burial in the Wellsboro cemetery.

—Judge Chahnell received a message yesterday afternoon from Rev. C. G. Langford, of Montrose, formerly of this borough, announcing the death of his son, Willard. He died at a hospital in New York city of pneumonia after an illness of several months. Mr. Langford was about 22 years of age. He enisted in the navy soon after the United States declared war on Germany and was a gunner on board ship when taken ill. He was an exemplary young man and was well known in Wellsboro.

—Michael Zarvas, the manager of the Wellsboro Kandy Kitchen, has proved himself to be a live wire in his line of business, the former "Palace" having been transformed into a real up-to-date ice cream parlor and confectionery store since he took over the business about two weeks ago. The improvements are very noticeable and many. Mr. Zarvas is thoroughly familiar with the ice cream and confectionery business from A to Z, having established a chain of similar stores in Pennsylvania and New York State which are being successfully operated under his management.

—A young man named Robertson, employed as a traveling salesman for a Binghamton hardware firm, was severely injured Tuesday morning about 10 o'clock when his Ford coupe turned turtle at the head of Main street. He was coming down West avenue at a good pace and when he crossed the bridge at the intersection of Main street and the avenue he failed to make the turn and ran up on the boulevard, upsetting his car. He was taken to the office of Dr. C. W. Webb, where it was found that a bone in his left foot was dislocated and he was severely cut and bruised. The car was only slightly damaged.

—Sergeant George Parks, son of Lewis T. Parks, of this borough, arrived here last Saturday from Debarkation Hospital No. 5 in New York city. He was a member of Battery D, 107th Field Artillery, and was trained at Camp Hancock, Georgia. He had some training on the Mexican border prior to his being sent to Camp Hancock. He was sent to France in April, 1918, and saw service at Chateau Thierry, where he was wounded. He was admitted to a hospital in France on August 13th, with a gutter fracture of the right forearm. Two plastic operations were performed on the arm, both successful, and he has full use of that member now. He returned from overseas March 24th.

—Stephen Boyce and Earl Smith, both of this borough, were arrested Monday, charged with breaking into the store of William Wood at Asaph last Wednesday night. They took a quantity of tobacco and cigars, canned goods, and some clothing. They were arraigned before Justice E. B. Young on Tuesday morning. Smith waived a hearing and gave bail for his appearance at court. Boyce was committed to jail in default of bail to await trial. Boyce is inclined to be a bad actor. He was arrested in Elmira about a year ago, charged with having broken into Seth Peake's sporting goods store. He has a wife and a child. It is reported that both men are suspected of having robbed freight cars at Wellsboro Junction last Friday night.

Soldier Boy Candidate.

Corporal Walter T. Graves, of Tioga, who returned a few weeks ago from service overseas, is the first soldier boy to announce as a candidate for a county office. He asks the support of the Republican voters for the nomination of County Treasurer at the primary election next fall.

Corporal Graves was inducted into service with Co. B, 311th Infantry, 79th Division, and went to Camp Meade, Md., where he received his training. He was sent to France July 6, 1918, and took active part in the last engagements of the war. He was in the battles of Argonne Forest, Maloncourt, Montfaucon and Montilleons, where he received three wounds on Sept. 30, 1918. After spending some time in the base hospitals he was able to return to America, receiving an honorable discharge from service at Camp Dix, Feb. 14th.

The Covington Sun says: "Corporal Graves is a young man of unusual natural ability, as well as being one of the best hearted fellows in existence. He is very popular with the younger class of Tioga county voters, and we prophesy he will make the other candidates for Treasurer dig in their toe-nails when it comes to the home stretch of the race."

How About Tioga County?

A commendable action on the part of the Potter County Commissioners is the reduction of the County Treasurer's commission. Last year the Treasurer received in the neighborhood of $3,600 to $4,200 and never lifted a finger, except to "visit" Coudersport a dozen or so times during the year. The above is too much to pay a man who is not on the job, whether he be Democrat, Republican or Prohibitionist. In the election this fall the voters will do right to insist that any man elected to office shall be on the job at least ordinary working hours and give the taxpayers just a little bit for their money.—Potter Democrat.

U. S. Service Men, Attention!

All U. S. service men are requested by direction of Adjutant General Murdock, of Harrisburg, to meet at the court house in Wellsboro at 1 o'clock on Saturday, April 26, for the purpose of electing delegates to go to Scranton before May 1, where delegates will be elected from Pennsylvania to attend the preliminary National Convention at St. Louis, May 8, 9, 10, when the American Legion is to be formed. All soldiers, sailors and marines and all others in the service are eligible for membership and are expected to join.

R. W. FIELD,
Secretary Local Board.

Trinity Church, Antrim.

Rev. Alan Pressley Wilson, of Blossburg, announces the following services for Trinity church, Antrim, for next Sunday: Morning prayer and sermon, 10:30; confirmation class, 2:30 p. m. Centennial sermon to the Odd Fellows of Antrim and vicinity, 7 p. m. To all of these services a cordial invitation is extended.

Pastor Wilson will be glad to have any one call upon him for any religious service that may be desired of him. Irrespective of creed or affiliation, he is willing to serve where he may.

LOCAL GLEANINGS.

Many Items of Interest From Nearby Towns and Neighboring Counties.

—After writing a letter directing that his daughter should have all his property and enclosing a signed check with instructions that she fill in the amount and draw his money from the bank for her own use, William R. Camp, aged 52, a former farm worker of Lycoming county, shot himself, dying before relatives, attracted by the shot, could reach him.

—P. H. Dewey, of Marshlands, had a narrow escape from what might proved a serious accident at a railroad crossing in Galeton one day last week when his Ford was struck by a freight train. The Galeton Dispatch says "Mr. Dewey was coming down West street and the view of the track is cut off by a house. The tannery engine was switching in that vicinity, and although he heard the train and looked around for it, he did not look in the right direction. The car was struck in the center and shoved across the road against a telegraph pole. The train was running slowly and was quickly brought to a stop. Mr. Dewey escaped without a bruise or mark, and the car, although badly smashed, was brought to the garage on its own wheels."

—Private Russell Gee, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bert A. Gee, of Sabinsville, returned home last week. The Knoxville Courier says: "He entered training camp on the 20th of August, 1917, and left for overseas on the 8th of May, 1918. He arrived at Newport News on the 2nd of the present month, was discharged from Camp Dix and arrived here April 15, stopping off to see his wife and baby, who were with his wife's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Beach, going from here with Mrs. Gee and baby to the home of Russell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bert Gee, at Sabinsville. Russel is looking well, and things in Knoxville and Sabinsville never looked better to him than at present, and you can imagine how a father would be pleased to see his first born, which has arrived since he went overseas."

—A recently patented sling for injured arms is worn like a vest.

NOTICE
To Ice Cream Users in Wellsboro
Owing to the lack of ice, we can no longer deliver less than a gallon of ice cream packed. Less than gallon delivered unpacked on short notice.
Orders for churches, picnic parties and social events for one gallon or more will receive prompt attention.
Wellsboro Kandy Kitchen

The Farmer Is Forging Ahead
The remarkably capable way in which the American farmer met war-time demands for increased production, has brought him into world-wide prominence.
Never before has the importance of the farming industry been so universally recognized and appreciated.
The Officers of this bank deem it a pleasure to meet, talk with and serve farmers of this community.
This Institution is a friend of the farmers
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Wellsboro, Pa.

VICTORY LOAN
We Went In to Win and We Won
The Victory Loan bears interest at 4¾%. No security issued by the United Sates Government since the Civil War has borne as high a rate of interest—and they are partly tax exempt.
We must pay the bill—Uncle Sam's debt is your debt and our debt.
OUR OFFER
To those who wish to enter subscriptions to the Victory Loan and do not wish to disturb the capital invested in their business or desire to use their available funds for other purposes we will loan up to 95 per cent of face value of their subscription and will carry the loan for six months at the same rate of interest the Bonds pay, namely 4¾ per cent.
Enter Your Subscription To-day.
TIOGA COUNTY SAVINGS & TRUST CO.

The Style-Craft Store
NATIONAL GINGHAM WEEK
See our large assortment of the most popular dress fabric of the season.
GINGHAMS 27c GINGHAMS 39c GINGHAMS 75c
We carry nothing but the best ginghams—Bates, Toil du Nords and Loraine Zephers. Over 150 patterns from which to make your selection.

A Cadillac Style
1809
GINGHAM DRESSES
If you do not wish to make your Gingham Dresses see our splendid line of ready-to-wear dresses on display.
Women's Gingham Dresses priced from
$3.75 to $12.00
Large line of Children's Gingham Dresses
$1.25 and upwards
Also a large line of Misses and Junior Dresses
$4.50 and upwards

A Cadillac Style
747
MATHERS & MARCH
WELLSBORO, PA.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For [illegible]
[illegible] J. GATLIN, of W[illegible]
[illegible] to the [illegible] of the Republican [illegible] at the P[illegible] Sept. 17, 1919

For [illegible]
WILLIAM S. WOODHOUSE, of Wellsboro.
[illegible] to the [illegible] of the Republican [illegible] Sept. 17, 1919

For County Treasurer.
B. H. DARBY, of Wellsboro.
CHARLES SPAULDING, of Wellsboro.
A. H. [illegible], Westfield.
[illegible] W. GRAVES, of Tioga borough.
FRANK HAMMOND, of Hammond, Pa., [illegible] R. D. 1.)
[illegible] to the decision of the Republican [illegible] at the Primary Election, Sept. 17, 1919.

For District Attorney.
CHARLES M. ELLIOTT, of Wellsboro.
NORMAN B. LESLIE, of Wellsboro.
[illegible] to the decision of the Republican [illegible] at the primary [illegible] Sept. 17, 1919.

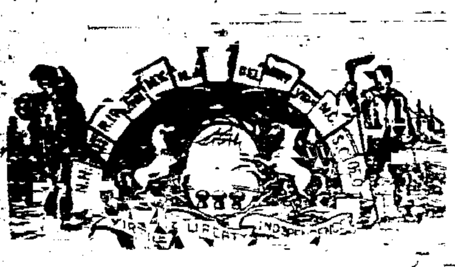
For County Commissioner.
ANDREW BRIMIGIN, of Potter Brook.
JAMES CRAWFORD, of Blossburg.
[illegible] G. BROWN, Knoxville.
HARRY E. WILLARD, of Delmar.
[illegible] to the decision of the Republican [illegible] at the Primary Election, Sept. 17, 1919.

For County Commissioner.
HARRY C. MOORE, of Wellsboro.
SAMUEL O. PUTNAM, of Wellsboro.
LEON STOUT, of Rutland.
L. M. MILLER, of Charl[illegible]

For County Auditor.
FRANK E. R[illegible]WALD, of Gai[illegible]
[illegible] to the decision of the Democratic [illegible] at the Primary Election, Sept. 17, 1919

The Gazette.

WELLSBORO, PA.



FRANK CONEVERY - Editor and Owner

THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1919.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year	$2.00
Six Months	1.00
Three Months	.50
Single Copies	.05

No subscriptions accepted for less than three months.

Business or Display Advertisements.

Per inch, first insertion ....20 cts.
Each additional insertion per inch....15 cts.
Legal advertisements, $1.00 per inch first insertion, 50 cents per inch each subsequent insertion.
Political announcements, $10 for all offices except County Auditor and Jury Commissioner, which is $5, and township or borough, $3.
Locals or readers, ten cents per line first insertion, five cents per line, each subsequent insertion.
Memorial resolutions, $1.00; cards of thanks, 50 cents.

American troops on the Archangel front in Russia have suffered 528 casualties since they landed last September. Of these 196 were killed or died of diesease and 43 are missing.

Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, says 275,000 American soldiers will be brought back from Europe during April and that beginning with June the rate will be 300,000 a month.

The threatened clash between the United States and Japan in Siberia was due to the warring Russian factions, the State Department announces, with the statement that the situation has now cleared.

A cable dispatch says that there is much mystery in Paris over a report that Great Britain and the United States have entered into a secret agreement to protect France in case she should be attacked again.

Cable reports from Paris that President Wilson and Premier Clemenceau have agreed upon a Franco-American defensive alliance against German aggression meet Senatorial favor in Washington. It is said many Senators opposed to a League of Nations would support such a defensive treaty.

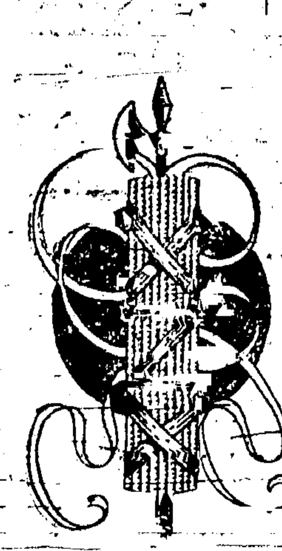
In five months the War Department has mustered out fifty per cent. of the officers and forty-six per cent. of the men who were in service when the armistice was signed on November 11th. At the close of the Civil War it required seventeen months to muster out 1,023,021 officers and men or 900,000 fewer than the record to date. And at the close of the Spanish-American war it required over nine months to muster out 179,397 men.

FEASTING OF DOUBTFUL SORT.

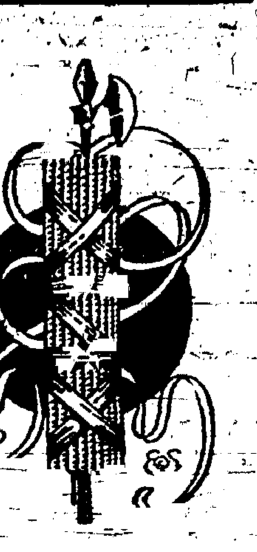
In Washington, the other day, according to news dispatches, dinner was given by former Congressman Brodbeck, of York county, the ostensible purpose being to devise means to increase the Democratic representation for Pennsylvania in the next Congress. Those present and participating were: A. Mitchell Palmer, Attorney General; Wm. B. Wilson, Secretary of the Department of Labor; James I. Blakeslee, Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, and one or two other office holders besides Mr. Brodbeck himself. It may be assumed, therefore, that the real purpose of the feast was to reorganize the Mutual Admiration society which has been wrecking the Democratic party for the past several years.

The Democratic party of Pennsylvania certainly needs some revivifying. It has fallen [illegible] level to another until there is hardly enough left to make a shadow. By [illegible] of trading in patronage and [illegible] bad bargains in the traffic by [illegible] petty hucksters one after another [illegible] of the dependable Democratic [illegible] of a former and better period [illegible] been driven into retirement, [illegible] disgusted with the selfishness of the office holding coterie in control. But dinner parties in Washington are not the medium of accomplishing the [illegible] change. What [illegible] an open forum in which [illegible] and measures re[illegible] state and reorganize [illegible] Wash[illegible]n.

BERNKOPF'S — BERNKOPF'S — BERNKOPF'S



Anniversary Celebration



46 FORTY-SIX YEARS 46

FORTY-SIX YEARS AGO the Bernkopf store was opened in Wellsboro. The very length of years tells the story of the success—proves the principle upon which the store was founded and has grown. The story of the acorn growing to the sturdy oak is the story of the Bernkopf store. Aspirations, untiring energy and honest methods are the root, trunk and branch that have reached out and made possible a larger, and still larger store, added new departments, perfected old departments, leaving the heart still young to hope and plan for even greater achievements.

As we entertain these thoughts—and linger a moment over the past, we are ever mindful of YOU, and YOU and YOU, for our efforts alone didn't make success,—it was because of YOU. And because of the feeling of heartfelt appreciation we are featuring this Anniversary Event, offering

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Special price reductions on merchandise selected from every department in the house. Come and make this a gala occasion. Help make us feel that this is YOUR STORE, and that we not only have your patronage, but best of all and above all we have your Friendship.

ANNIVERSARY SPECIALS

Men's and Boys' Clothing and Furnishings

MEN'S SUITS, a few very special numbers selected from our regular line. Suits regularly sold up to $25.00. Anniversary special **$14.75**
MEN'S SHIRTS, practically all sizes, regular $1.25 Shirts, neat stripes and figured percales. Anniversary special **75c**
BOYS' SUITS—About ten Suits to select from, sizes 10 to 16 years, regular $6.50 to $9.00 values. Anniversary special **$5.00**

MILLINERY

Anniversary Specials

Ready-Trimmed & Sailor Hats

The wonderful success this season of this department induces us to more thoroughly introduce it to every woman in and around Wellsboro. Don't fail to come to this "Three Day Sale."

50 Trimmed Hats, worth up to $5.95, at $2.85
25 Sailors, worth up to $2.95 . . . at $1.85
15 Pattern Hats, worth up to $15.00, at $7.85

ANNIVERSARY SPECIALS

Womens' Suits and Dresses

These departments have done themselves proud this season. Get the Bernkopf habit.

EXTRA SPECIAL—Women's splendidly tailored Suits, Serges and Poplins, practically all sizes, $22.50 to $27.50 values **$18.75**
$32.50 to $42.50 Suits, wonder values, $27.50
Lot of Silk Poplin Dresses, new shades, full pleated Skirts, sold for $8.95 and $9.95.......... **$6.75**
Magnificent Georgette Dresses, garments you can't duplicate for $19.50 to $25.00 .... **$14.75**

SIX SATURDAY SPECIALS

SATURDAY ONLY	SATURDAY ONLY	SATURDAY ONLY	SATURDAY ONLY	SATURDAY ONLY	SATURDAY ONLY
Children's White Lawn Dresses. 6 to 9 years . . . 89c; 10 to 14 years . . $1.19. Values up to $3.98	Just 18 Corsets — Gossards and LaGrecques, sizes up to 29, broken lots. Values up to $5.50. **$1.00 Each**	Children's Rompers — Pink, Blue and White. Size 3 to 6. Values up to 98c. **35c Each**	Boys' Wash Suits, 4 to 8 years, white and combinations. Values up to $1.89. **65c Each**	English Long Cloth, good 29c quality. 10 yard lengths. EXTRA SPECIAL **$2.00** for 10 yards.	Barionette Satins, 2½ yard skirt patterns, the most beautiful of all new skirtings. **$10.00** for 2½ yards

ANNIVERSARY SPECIALS

Daily Needs

20c Crash Toweling, **14c yard**

$1.25 Mercerized Table Damask, Splendid quality, **79c yard**

DRESS TRIMMINGS
Metalic Braids, Laces, Bands, etc. **Half Price.**

BUTTONS
Three cards for 10c.

DRESS MATERIALS

ANNIVERSARY SPECIALS

PERCALES
Splendid assortment 42-inch Percales, neat stripes and figured patterns. Our regular 27c materials. **19c yd**

PRINTS
Fast colors: Simpson and other best makes. 20c quality. **14c yd**

SERGES
Wool Serges, colors Navy, Dark Red, Brown, Tan and Plum. Sells regularly for 98c. **75c yd**

Crepe de Chene
Lot of short lengths from our $1.75 to $1.98 stock. **$1.25 yd** Will not cut pieces.

GINGHAMS
35c Dress Ginghams **22c**

Cotton Poplins
All wanted colors, 59c quality. **35c**

LININGS
Big assortment of 19c Cambrics. Some pieces slightly damaged. **10c yd**

ANNIVERSARY SPECIALS

Women's Furnishings

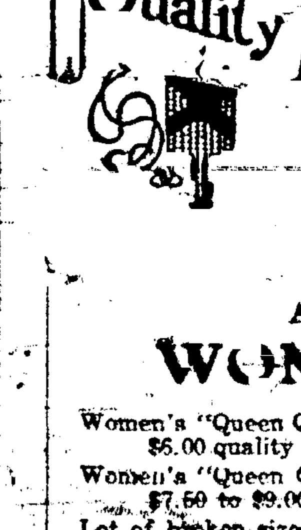
Women's Satin and Mercerized Petticoats, good quality and wanted colors. $1.50 to $1.98 quality, **$1.10**

Lawn and P. K. Collars, sold up to 98c. Choice, **25c**

Muslin Corset Covers, 50c to 69c quality, **42c**

98c Muslin Gowns, **75c**

$1.50 Muslin Petticoats, **95c**



ANNIVERSARY SPECIALS

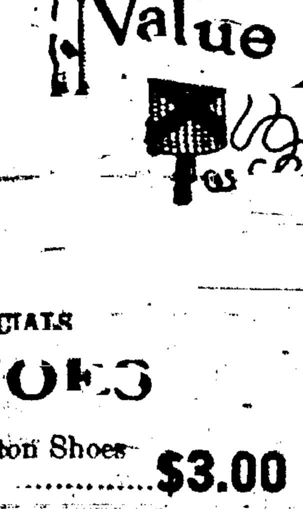
RUGS AND DRAPERIES

Two $32.50 9x12 Axminster Rugs..........$24.00 each
Three $12.75 9x12 Wool and Fiber Rugs......$8.85 each
$1.25 "Florfelt and Fiberlin"..........85c yard
Short lengths in 39c to 55c Cretonnes..........25c yard
EXTRA SPECIAL—White and Cream Scrims and Marquisettes..........19c yard

ANNIVERSARY SPECIALS

TRUNKS AND BAGS

$65.00 "Likely" Wardrobe Trunk $45.00
$40.00 "Likely" Wardrobe Trunk $26.25
$14.50 "Buflalo" Trunk, 37-inch $9.50
$12.50 "Buffalo" Trunk, 37-inch.......... $8.00
Matting Fiber Suit Case.......... $1.35



ANNIVERSARY SPECIALS

WOMEN'S SHOES

Women's "Queen Quality" Black Kid Button Shoes, $6.00 quality **$3.35**
Women's "Queen Quality" Tan and Gray Shoes, $7.50 to $9.00 quality **$5.25**
Lot of broken sizes in Women's "Queen Quality" Shoes, $5.00 to $7.50 quality.......... **$2.98**

It pays to trade at Bernkopf's WELLSBORO PA

ANNIVERSARY SPECIALS

MEN'S SHOES

Special lot of Men's Gun Metal Button Shoes sizes 7½ to 11, good quality.......... **$3.00**
Broken sizes Men's Gun Metal Lace Shoes, $5.00 to $7.50 quality.......... **$3.50**

...R SCHOOL SPREADING

...SED FOR NORMAL ...S' TUBERCULAR ...N MULTIPLY

...rs Adopt Plan First ...e Problems.

...be a general agree- ...air schools for ... children ... cities during the ... have ... and ... sent a movement ... the open air meth- ...ruction of normal

...ed beneficial in build- ... of the ... ll be equally benefi- ...he normal child well ...h this plea in view ... have been recon- ...ching systems rear- ...o, New York and in ...roughout the middle ... of the movement ...n the health and ed- ...ment of the pupil are ...riter in the Century. ...hool idea originated ..., Germany, eleven

... pupils backward in ... physically robust, ... conceived the idea ... connection between ...ns. The sickly chil- ... in rude ...ne, two and three ...ve was primarily to ...alth of the children ...ction was limited to ...tween times of phy- ...The actual study per- ...tretch of only two ...est of the day was ...ching the children to ...their powers of reas- ...ation through actual ... problems of life in ...and woods.

...c was taught by lay- ...ind working out con- ...n measuring and ...upils showed an im- ...ily health and were, ...tirely cured of incip- ...ddition they did not ...r studies, but were ...oin their classmates ...hools, although they ...n half as much time

...t experiments of the ...d States for normal ...ertaken six years ...am School, Chicago. ...he reconstruction of ...ern high school in ... it is said, the free ...has raised the stand- ...p 30 per cent, while ...t and fuel were re-

...he open air schools ...m foothold. There ... hundred of them ...anhattan and Brook- ...which have been es- ...ast three years. One ..."For the last few ...n troubled with ton- ...r not at all. The ...of the children has ...d. A few of my ...t a great deal last ...of colds and coughs. ... the children had ... the same class." ...e testimony comes ...rs. There are fewer ...e children are bright ...onsive. It seems to ...tablished, also, that ...open air schools ad- ...ily in study. Mr. ...aham school found ...ases classes were ...on in half the usual ... was more easily

... schools efforts are ...e children out of ...and classes are held ... woods, and, in con- ...n roof tops. In most ...phasis is placed on ... in handicraft, gar- ... provision is made ...hysical exercise be- ... Care, of course, ... in transferring chil- ...ry closed school- ... rooms or the open ...ws.

...mes Needed

... cruller in New York ...nut in Boston, and ...cruller in Boston is ... in New York. And ...e list. There is no ... fixity about the pop- ...ishes than there is ...r names of flowers ...st 30 different flow- ... the name of "may- ...ted States. The may- ...gland is the arbutus ... the wax myrtle of ... obtain certainty in ... necessary to have a ...cation and a Latin ...speak to a botanical ... a "mayflower" he ...ou mean, but if you ...ea repens he knows ... are talking about. ...shall never have any [illegible] ...r scientific classifica- ...ames, for all dishes. ..."botanical name" of ...udding would be ...ishius cornmealensis, ...r controversy.—New

AN ABLE "COP"

Arrests While "Sub- ...r Husband.

...N. J.— Two ... [illegible]

DOOMED TO BLINDNESS GIRL [illegible]

Cruel Verdict Arouses [illegible] for More Learning.

Iowa City, Ia.—Slowly becoming blind, with perhaps a year before [illegible] blotted out, Alma Krager of [illegible], a freshman student in the liberal arts college of [illegible] University, has announced her determination to spend the last days before blindness in pursuit of her studies at Iowa.

[illegible] was disclosed following the visit of a [illegible] specialist who made an examination of her eyes and predicted [illegible] itself. Nothing [illegible] it is said, and total blindness is due within the coming year.

The doctor's verdict came as a hard blow, but has not changed the girl's determination to spend her last days of sight in study here. Even now temporary blindness comes, yet she still holds her place well at the head of her classes.

Last summer Miss Krager received a severe shock when a bolt of lightning struck but a few feet away from her during an electrical storm near her home. This, it appears, has affected the nerves controlling her eyesight and nothing can be done to ward off the impending blindness.

BIG EAGLE DROPS BABY WHEN MOTHER SCREAMS

Child Badly Lacerated by the Great Bird's Talons—Fowls Also Attacked.

Joliet, Ill.—About two weeks ago a posse of farmers scoured Will County [illegible] which are killing hundreds of chickens and young turkeys. One of the pair was killed. The other disappeared, and the hunters finally abandoned the hunt.

Wednesday morning Delmar Reeves, the 2-year-old son of David Reeves, was playing in the back yard of the Reeves home. His mother heard the child scream and rushed to the door in time to see an enormous bird clutch the baby by his dress and lift him from the ground.

The mother screamed and the eagle dropped the child after the baby had been carried a few feet. The eagle's talons badly lacrated the child's flesh. Members of the farmers' posse have resumed their hunt for the dangerous visitor.

GOLD VEIN IN POTATO FIELD

Old [illegible] Stroke of Good Luck While "Killing Time."

Republic, Wash.—Richard Price, a veteran prospector, has met with a stroke of good luck in Republic camp. A short time ago he was sorting rock [illegible] of low [illegible] Morning Glory mine, and having spare time to stray off to a neighboring hill, found some rich float rock which showed native gold to the naked eye, such as is not usually found in Republic camp.

He followed it up until he encountered a cropping of gold-bearing quartz about three inches in width. He drifted on it for about thirty feet. The vein widened to about fifteen inches. He took a sample of the vein from top to bottom, had it assayed and learned that it ran $220.60 per ton, containing 9.20 ounces of silver and 10.80 ounces of gold per ton of ore.

He found he was woring on the Ida May, a mining claim which had been sold for taxes to Earl D. Hoagland, former superintendent of the Ferry County public schools, who had no idea of mining and had been turning the loamy surface to account by raising potatoes and cabbages.

Price obtained a lease of the claim on favorable terms and is aiming to get out a carload of rich ore.

GREAT GOLD FIELD IS FOUND

Ledges of Ore Half-Mile Wide at Places North of Seward, Alaska.

Ottawa, Ontario—News of the discovery of a great new gold field north of Seward, Alaska, in United States territory, has been brought to the Canadian Government by G. H. Collins, managing director of the Canadian Fish and Cold Storage Company, the Canadian Fish Trust of Prince Rupert, British Columbia.

"Advices received by me from A. Wolf and A. H. Tutt," said Collins, "are to the effect that most extraordinary bodies of ore have been found and that the coming season in that part of Alaska will witness the greatest rush ever seen in the Alaska gold fields. The ore occurs in enormous ledges of dykes, ranging in width from 600 feet to half a mile, and some of these deposits have been traced for 18 miles, and no doubt will be found to be a great deal longer when their size has been definitely determined. While the ore is rich in gold and silver, lead and zinc will have to be smelted to extract its value. Assayer Rae of Knik asserts that he has treated many samples from the district, and that 98 per cent saving can be made."

SURGEON'S FUR COAT CAUSE OF AUTO BLAST

It Generates Spark and Gasoline Is Fired—Man Hurt and Machine Wrecked.

Annapolis, Md., — Electricity induced by the friction of a fur coat worn by Surgeon Raymond Spear, U. S. N., grounded thru an automobile standing on a wet ground and caused a spark which exploded the gasoline, burning Surgeon Spear severely and destroying the machine.

Surgeon Spear had walked some distance to his garage in his fur coat and rubber boots. The friction of the flapping of the coat against his legs generated the electricity while his boots insulated him from the ground and allowed his body to store it. A spark did the rest.

The surgeon was taken to the naval hospital, but at present is under treatment at his home.

[illegible] for the Gazette [illegible]

MODEL MARKET PLANNED IN FRISCO

GIGANTIC TRADING PLACE TO FURNISH PRODUCE AT LOW PRICES.

TO BE KEPT MOST SANITARY

Hundreds of Stalls Will Be Constructed of White Tile—Everything to be Kept Under Glass.

San Francisco.—Plans have been [illegible] for the building in San Francisco of one of the largest and most sanitary retail produce markets in the world. The market will be located at Eighth and Market streets, in the heart of the business district, on a $1,750,000 tract of land.

Hundreds of stalls will be built in white tile. They will be rented to farmers and butchers and orchardists and vegetable growers, at a price probably of $30 a month. It costs [illegible] bring his goods to the people. The difference will come in the price of the goods to the people."

The plan, as outlined by one of the members of the syndicate, is to build a structure 100 feet wide and 550 feet deep, the full depth of the property. The place will be called Central Park market, and will form one of the features of the civic center district.

Seattle, Baltimore, Boston and New Orleans have similar markets, which [illegible] where produce is said to be from 25 to 50 per cent cheaper than in this city, stall renters live as far away as 400 miles, shipping fresh stuff every day to the member of the family that sells at retail.

Eggs may come up from the peninsula district every morning and find their way fresh to the housewife. Vegetables may come in from the ocean shore district. The river boats may unload in the channel back of the market, where the hauling price will be considerably lessened.

Meat, instead of being piled up in bales for fingers and flies to get at, will be wrapped in oil paper, with the weight stamped on the outside. Vegetables will be sprayed with ice water. Everything will be kept under glass, or in packages, where dirt and dust cannot get in.

Back of all this vision of a great cheap market lies the will of Andrew McCreery, who decreed that the property could not be sold in parcels by his heirs. In his lifetime he had many offers to sell parts of the land. But he held on and paid the taxes and waited for the time to come when it could be used as a whole.

Since his death several offers have been made to the heirs, but they involved a ninety-nine year lease, and the McCreery brothers did not want to lose control of the property. They shared the ideas of their father about it. Under this arrangement they retain control of the property and at the same time derive an income from it in the rental of stalls and stores.

EXCITE BOYS TO DO BAD ACTS.

So Says Judge In Sentencing Two Youthful Offenders.

Stroudsburg, Pa.—Judge C. B. Staple has sentenced William Devore, aged 15, and Frank Tales, aged 12, who attempted to wreck a Pennsylvania train near here a couple of weeks ago. The former to the Huntington reformatory, the latter to Glenn Mills reform school.

Before passing sentence the court censured certain moving picture concerns, and instructed the district attorney to act as censor of the same.

Widow Burns Her Money.

Washington.—Again and again it has been established that "the First National Bank"—the old stocking, the teapot, the chimney recess and other secret depositories for cash—is no more surely safe than established financial institutions. Now the family kitchen range is discovered to be deficient in security and the confidence of the hoarder of money is shaken in its last resource.

"Account of my mother's habit, hiding her money in the oven at night for safety, she has burnt eight dollars Sunday morning," writes a New Jersey correspondent to the secretary of the treasury, under a seal that also inclosed blackened ashes of burned paper. "I am sending you the ashes to see if you could help us, as mother is a widow and needs the money badly. It was one five and single bills."

The expert examiner of mutilated and burned money has a lens on the remains. It is probable that the denomination of the bills will be determined positively—as has been done before under seemingly impossible circumstances—and the amount restored to the poor widow.

For there is the case of the widow's pig, which chewed up her money after finding its hiding place in the kitchen. And when the pig was cut open the digested money was forwarded to the United States treasury and the denomination determined without much trouble.

So nothing is impossible to this expert.

FUNERAL HELD AFTER 32 YEARS.

Body of Drowned Arkansan Had Been in Sandbar Since 1883.

Texarkana, Ark.—Satisfied that the skeleton found on a sandbar in Red river, near Fulton, was that of their father, drowned 32 years ago, Ben and James Wilson brought it to their home here and had it interred in the family lot, after funeral ceremonies.

The body was found about 100 yards below the point where Wilson perished in 1883. It had lain in the sandbar until shifting sands during the recent overflow left it partly [illegible]

[illegible] MAID INHERITS FORTUNE OF $400,000

[illegible] Intends to Use It in Giving Her Son the Best Possible Start in Life.

Detroit, Mich.— The question of "what'd you do if you were rich" has been answered in a new way by Mrs. Hannah Hess, the hotel maid who inherited $400,000 by the death of Her[illegible] Wakefield of Johnstown, Pa., an uncle.

Instead of buying a mansion and going in for society or starting her business in big business, Mrs. Hess is going to devote her fortune to her son, that he may have the best possible start in life.

"It's all for my boy, who is with my father near Pittsburgh," she says. "He's the brightest boy in all the world and I am going to give him the advantages he deserves."

Of course, Mrs. Hess intends to spend some of her legacy for herself. Until now she has dressed according to her income as a hotel maid. But she saved $200, and when notified of the legacy she went shopping.

When she returned to the hotel her co-workers could hardly recognize her in her new clothes. She had discarded the neat blue and white suit of the hotel service for attire of the latest fashions.

"[illegible] my husband is a college man," she says. "When he could not find work for a time I decided to support myself.

"Of course, I will want [illegible] great many more pretty gowns and all the other pretty things wealthy women have. I also want a nice home, but my boy will benefit most by my money.

"I will keep the friends who were mine when I was a humble hotel maid. Money can never change me in that respect."

EATS 7 PUNPKIN PIES, YET LOSES $20 WAGER

[illegible] Was to Devour Ten In Two Hours to "Cop the Dough."

Beloit, Wis.—It cost Charley Ross—not the long-lost Charley Ross, but Charley Ross of Beloit and Barboo—$25 to prove that he is the only and original "Peter, Peter, pumpkin eater." He is a gastronomical wonder, whose prodigious pie punishing prowess led him to wager $20 that he could eat, within two hours, ten fat pumpkin pies. He tried and got only as far as seven and a half.

Ross had previously astonished patrons of a lunch wagon by betting that he could eat ten pies in quick succession. He staked $5 on the wager, but got only as far as four and a quarter pies. He was in a hurry to catch a train then, he said, but wagered $20 that he could devour ten pies within two hours.

When he returned to Beloit he sought to vindicate his boast. He was confronted by the ten pies, weighing approximately fifteen pounds, and by the statement of a physician that to consume them was humanly impossible. In face of that, he went to eating. He got stuck in the middle of the eighth pastry.

Ross said he was sorry to lose the two bets—but it was almost worth it, for he got the pies for nothing.

EVE NOT ADAM'S FIRST; 'LIL' WAS PRIOR WIFE

Latter Left Hubby to Wed Beelzebub, and Progeny Were Insects, Is Claim.

New York.—"Eve was not Adam's first wife. Many years before Eve's time he married Lillith, a blonde, with hair like ropes of gold. Lillith was more temperamental than Eve, so she left Adam after a short time, thus introducing divorce into the world.

"When Adam finally learned that his unfaithful wife had married a man in the South country he called upon the Lord and Eve was then created from the thirteenth rib of his right side."

This startling news was imparted in a lecture here on "The Insect Progeny of Adam's First Wife" by Robert P. Dow, editor of the Entomological Society Bulletin.

The speaker later declared that Lillith's second husband was no less a personage than Beelzebub. Her children by her second husband, Mr. Dow said, were all insects, which proved a great source of satisfaction to Adam when he heard it.

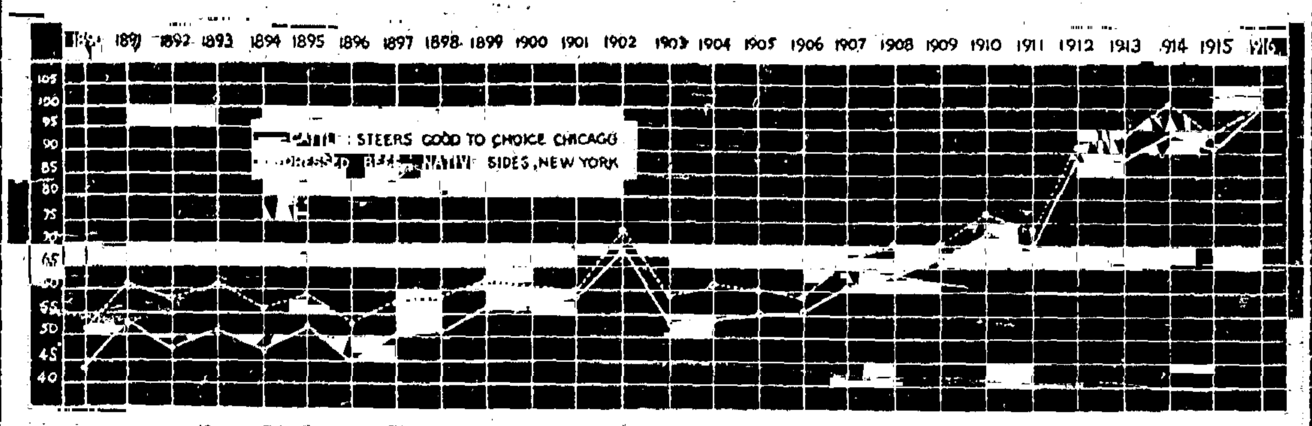
Mr. Dow based his authority for his statements on researches he had made into antiquity.

FOLKS WE ALL KNOW

The Roughneck is telling about what a Tough Guy he is, and how he is Known around home as Bad Bill. In reality, he isn't Bad so much as he is Dirty and Lazy, and if he lived in a Big City with the real Wild Ones, his Name would be Sweet William. This Guy Impresses Nobody but the Kids.

Boiled potatoes are an excellent substitute for soap when the hands have become soiled by contact with black pots and pans. Potato water [illegible] be kept for [illegible]

Why Beefsteak Is High



This chart was copied from Bulletin No. 226, U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. It is the latest that has been issued. [illegible]

Remember when beefsteak was 20c a pound?

Now it's 40 and 50 cents a pound.

Why?

This chart shows that the price packers have had to pay for cattle has gone up with the price received for beef.

In fact, it shows that the "spread" between cattle and beef prices has been gradually reduced during the past 30 years—owing to competition among packers, their increased efficiency, bigger volume, and elimination of waste.

The packer's profit of only a fraction of a cent per pound of meat has helped to narrow this "spread."

Increased farm-production costs have made higher cattle prices necessary.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

AFTER BOND SHARKS

Bond scalpers and swindlers who induce the public to give up government securities for worthless stocks of the "fly-by-night" variety are to be put out of business by the United States Federal Trade Commission, co-operating with the Department of Justice, the Victory Liberty Loan Committee of the War Loan Organization and other governmental agencies.

Albert E. Turner, chairman of the Brokers' Committee for the Victory Liberty Loan and of the Business Development Committee of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, is making a survey of fraudulent and questionable bond operations in the Third Federal Reserve District.

Since these committees started a campaign a few weeks ago some of the more cautious scalpers and swindlers have stopped trying to reach the bond owners by displaying advertising. But according to Mr. Turner they are still attempting to do business by mail and by telephone solicitation of prospective victims.

"It is planned to protect buyers of Liberty Bonds, War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps from unfair practices and misrepresentations of scalpers," said Mr. Turner. "Most scalpers are operating among the poor. By various misrepresentations they induce bond holders to sell $50 securities for $40 and even, in some instances, as low as $25.

"The greater number of the scalpers, however, are satisfied with a smaller profit on each transaction and a large volume of business. They do business in many instances without being reported because they offer the market price of the bond, minus a fee, and without interest. The bond seller is entitled to the proportion of interest due on his bond at the time of the sale. Many of them do not know this and thus the scalper adds to his profits."

The campaign against the scalpers and swindlers will include advertising posters warning against them, to be posted in industrial establishments. The Foreign Language Division of the Victory Liberty Loan Committee is now making arrangements to have such posters printed in various languages so that the warning will reach all bond buyers.

According to Mr. Turner, the scalpers and swindlers could all be put out of business in short order if every holder of a bond would ask the solicitor to submit his proposition to any bank, trust company or reputable broker, or to the Victory Liberty Loan Committee.

BUCKS' LEADERS START DRIVE

Victory Loan Workers Given Hearty Greeting at Somerton.

Lower Bucks county has a complete speakers' organization for the Victory Liberty Loan campaign. Some of the speakers have already been at work. J. H. Buckman and James E. Groome addressed the Philadelphia Driving Club at Somerton. The audience numbered 200 and gave the Loan arguments a hearty reception.

A meeting of all speakers will be held at Langhorne to formulate a plan of campaign. The speakers include Charles M. Eames, Yardley; J. Hibbs Buckman, Langhorne; Hon. Clarence J. Buckman, Langhorne; Howard I. James, Horace N. Davis, Hugh B. Eastburn, Thomas Scott, and Joseph R. Grundy, county chairman, of Bristol; Father J. V. Sweeney, Newtown; Thomas B. Stockham, Morrisville; Arthur P. Townsend, Langhorne, and James R. Groome, Yardley.

WORLD'S SMALLEST PENKNIFE

Remarkable Work of a Marshallton, Pa., Physician.

The smallest penknife in the world is the handiwork of Dr. John B. Temple, of Marshallton, Pa. The handle, made of gold, is three-sixteenths of an inch long.

They Saved the Seeds

Dan J. Gallaghan, chief steward of the Hotel Severin, was called on the other day to serve watermelon to an usually swagger dinner party, and in order to make the menu just what the rather particular host desired, it was necessary to saturate the meat of the melon with a quart of champagne. This required an over-night process, but the melon was a success.

"Which reminds me," remarked Callaghan, "of a little incident that occurred out at the Planters, St. Louis, while I was steward there. A big convention of Kansas and Iowa farmers was in progress, and some of the Board of Trade fellows decided to give a dozen of the leading agriculturists a blowout at the Planters.

"In arranging the menu, one of the Board of Trade officials remarked to me: 'Callaghan, all of these men are strict teetotalers, and we can't serve wine. We want to give them something extraordinary; now, what would you suggest?'

"I suggested watermelon treated with a liberal solution of champagne. This is done by making an opening in the melon and pouring in the wine until the meat is thoroughly saturated. So this idea appealed to my Board of Trade friend, was carried out, and the teetotalers partook of the dinner as though they enjoyed it. Naturally we were curious to know how they received the melon, strictly teetotalers as they were. Would you believe that nearly every man in the whole bunch sneaked half a dozen of the seeds of that wine-soaked melon in his vest pocket?"

Giant Prehistoric Oysters.

Washington.—Capt. Joe Miller, master and owner of the bugeye Kathleen, in port from the lower river has on exhibition several oysters that date back many hundred years, which were taken from a marl bank on the Virginia side of the Potomac, about a quarter of a mile above Smith's wharf. These oysters are much lighter than anything now found in the Potomac. One shell, with the oyster in it, solid as stone, measures 8 inches from hinge to mouth. It would take only a couple of them to make a pot of soup for a large family.

It is stated that these prehistoric oysters are found at several points along the river, but seem to be more plentiful in the marl beds in the vicinity of Smith's Wharf than elsewhere. In the section of King George county, Va., in the vicinity of Smith's Wells, quantities of these big oyster shells, half-burned, have been found 40 and 50 feet below the present level. The residents of the neighborhood have a theory that these shells are from roast oysters eaten by the inhabitants of this section ages ago.

Man Eats Slack Lime, Was [illegible]

Wilkesbarre, Pa.— Finding a pan filled with what he thought to be cottage cheese, "Sandy" Harris, 60 years old, of Plains Township, hid himself in a barn and ate most of the stuff. Children later found him writhing in great agony, and a doctor was summoned. After cleaning out Sandy's stomach with a pump, the physician learned that the "cottage cheese" was slaked lime.

Harris has recovered, except that his eyes have become badly crossed as a result of his experience. The physician says they will remain in that [illegible] for the rest of his life.

AN EXAMPLE

Devotion to the country of her adoption as shown by a Philadelphia girl who ten years ago immigrated from Armenia, is held as an example to those who will be called upon to subscribe to the Victory Liberty Loan. This is what she wrote to the Victory Loan Committee:

"Reading the newspaper tonight, I saw that you wanted helpers to help you of the Victory Liberty Loan. I am willing to help if you care to have an Armenian girl, age 18 years old. I have a brother over in France and I have a brother who also died for the Red, White and Blue. So I am willing to do anything for the soldier boys. Please let me know soon so that I may know when to stop work. For I will give up work just for this reason.

I remain a Lonely Girl,

"ROSE DADDORIAN."

Good Work.

Flatbush—Just got a letter from a friend of mine over in France.

Bensonhurst—Is he with the American army?

"He is, and he's doing good work over there."

"Killed a lot of Germans, has he?"

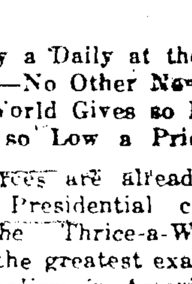
"Oh, no."

"Well, how is he doing good work, then?"

"Why, he's an army chaplain."

CHICHESTER S PILLS

DIAMOND BRAND



Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes.

LADIES! Ask your Druggist for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS in RED and GOLD metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. TAKE NO OTHER. Buy of your Druggist and ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for twenty-five years regarded as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

TIME TRIED — WORTH TESTED

THE THRICE-A-WEEK

NEW YORK WORLD

Practically a Daily at the Price of a Weekly—No Other Newspaper in the World Gives so Much at so Low a Price.

The forces are already lining up for the Presidential campaign of 1920. The Thrice-a-Week World which is the greatest example of tabloid journalism in America will give you all the news of it. It will keep you as thoroughly informed as a daily at five or six times the price. Besides, the news from Europe for a long time to come will be of overwhelming interest, and we are deeply and vitally concerned in it. The Thrice-a-Week World will furnish you an [illegible] report of everything that happens.

The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription is only $1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and the Wellsboro Gazette together for one year for $2.75.

Some Good Bargains in Farms.

Send for Our Farm Catalogue.

KITCHEN & BLATCHLEY

Real Estate Agency

52 YEARS CLERK, WOMAN LIKES IT

FEDERAL EMPLOYE AT CAPITAL TELLS LIFE STORY

Attributes Health and Energy to Simple Life—Reads Much, Sleeps Little.

Washington, D. C.— Seated in a large leather arm chair in a big sitting room lined with book in handsome covers, surrounded with flowers, the tributes of friends, and a cozy lamp on a reading table, Miss Elizabeth R. Hyde, a clerk in the department of the Comptroller of the Currency, told how she has struggled the two years to get from $800 annually to $1,600, with never a complaint.

"Before coming to Washington in December, 1864," said Miss Hyde, "I taught school in Brattleboro, Vt., where I was born July 3, 1831. I began teaching when I was 15 years old and taught in several towns in Massachusetts, as well as my home town. At that time I had no idea of ever coming to Washington, but one day Charles H. Field, a prominent attorney, wrote telling me he had obtained a place for me in the treasury, and to come to Washington as soon as possible.

"So just one year before the close of the Civil War I came to this city to take up my work in the treasury, where I have been for fifty-two years. I started at $800."

Miss Hyde remembers clearly the assassination of Presirent Lincoln and the consternation it caused.

"I saw President Lincoln's body [illegible] from the windows of the treasury, after he had died in the house on Tenth street," she said. "I saw the grand review of the Northern troops by the President, which lasted two days."

Returning to the topic of her progress in the treasury, Miss Hyde said: "It took me twenty years to get up to $1,200. I never asked for an increase, preferring my earnest efforts and good record to speak for themselves. At that time (1884) I was doing work which should have commanded a higher salary, and was told so by the chief of the division, but I did not get the higher salary."

"Five years later," continued Miss Hyde, "I was promoted to $1,400. That was in 1889. As the years rolled on I expected an increase at any moment, but it never came. You can imagine my surprise when I was informed that I had been promoted to $1,600."

Miss Hyde stopped a moment to answer a knock at the door, and a maid handed her a large box of caramels. She placed them on the table and smiled her appreciation."

"Miss Hyde will be 86 years old in July. Her voice is still vigorous and her hand steady.

"What do I attribute my good health and energy to?" Miss Hyde asked in response to a question. "Why I believe it is because I lead a most simple life. I never go out, preferring to sit here and read. You see what a large library I have."

She pointed to bookcases filled with books.

Another remarkable point Miss Hyde made was the fact that she never goes to bed before 11 o'clock and gets up at 5 in the morning. "I find that I don't need more than five or six hours' sleep, and never get up feeling bad," she said.

When asked if she would like to retire and take a rest she said:

"No, I would rather continue working. I have always loved my work, and it has always absorbed my entire attention. Now that I am all alone in the world, I would not know what to do without it. My niece in Boston has repeatedly asked me to give up my position and live with her, but I would rather stay here."

Miss Hyde comes from a hardy family. Her father, she says, lived to be 88 years old, and her mother 83.

WRITES LORD'S PRAYER SIX TIMES ON A STAMP

Man Puts Same Words Also on Paper One-eighth by Three-eighths of Inch in Size.

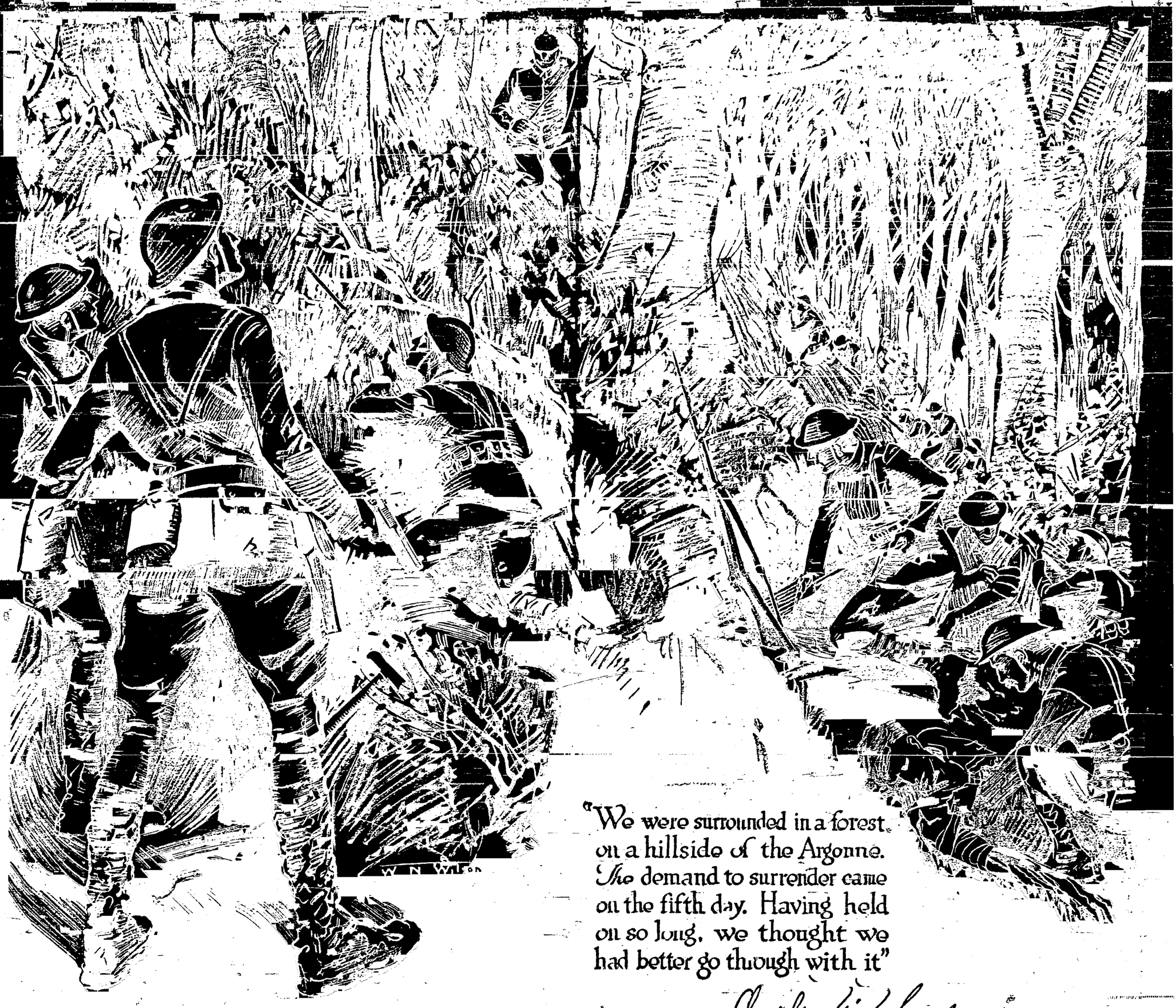
Iron Mountain, Mich.—Ernest Gall of this city, it is believed, has established a new record for fine writing by transchibing the Lord's prayer on a piece of paper one-eighth of an inch by three eighths of an inch in size. He also wrote the Lord's prayer six times on a two-cent stamp, 390 words in all.

Mr. Gall says all that is required to write so fine is fair penmanship, a steady and light hand, much patience, a good drawing pen, which must be wiped after writing each word.

In his first attempt at fine writing he wrote the Lord's prayer on a piece of paper the size of a two-cent postage stamp. This was beaten by a school teacher of Escanaba who wrote 160 words and her record was beaten by Mr. Dultour of Escanaba, who wrote 300 words.

A few days ago Mr. Gall wrote the Lord's prayer on a piece of paper three-sixteenths of an inch by three-eighths of an inch and the Declaration of Independence on a piece of [illegible] U. S. two-cent [illegible] his latest [illegible] in fine writing were written without the aid of a reading glass and both can be read easily when placed under such a glass.

The attitude of the United States Internal Revenue Department toward the enforcement of the executive order curtailing the liquor business in the United States July 1, apparently will permit the traffic to continue, at least until January 16, 1920. By that time the efforts of the pro-li[illegible] people to bring the matter to a decision by the United States Su[illegible] Court will have been accom[illegible] and the people will know [illegible] or not the United States is [illegible] dry prohibition.



"We were surrounded in a forest on a hillside of the Argonne. The demand to surrender came on the fifth day. Having held on so long, we thought we had better go through with it"

Charles W. Whittlesey

"Tell Them to Go to Hell!"

No food, no shelter. Swept by machine gun and shell fire. An inferno, day and night. And little hope of escaping.

Five days of this! But not a daunted soul among the four hundred and seventy Americans in the Lost Battalion.

Commanding the little group was Major Charles W. Whittlesey. To the offer of safety if they surrendered, Whittlesey replied without a moment's hesitation: "Tell them to go to Hell."

And they were saved because, as Whittlesey says: "Having held on so long, we thought we had better go through with it."

We, safe at home, have "held on" too with our support through Four Loans. And we are "going through with it" through with this Fifth call to duty just as those boys in the Argonne. Make good.

Victory Liberty Loan Committee

This space contributed by

A. R. Moore's 5 and 10 Cent Store
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The Wellsboro Agitator
The Wellsboro Gazette

Kills Seven and Captures Seventeen.

One of the busy days in a scion of the McCoys, of old Kentuck, was set forth in a citation of Private Pete McCoy, contained in a bulletin issued by the War Department last week. Specifically, this busy day was September 29, 1918, and was in the vicinity of Bellicourt, France, where was part of the Hindenburg line before the Yankees and the Tommies and the Anzacs tore it up. Here is the citation:

Private Pete McCoy, Company 2, 120th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellicourt, France, September 29, 1918. Unexpectedly encountering seven of the enemy, Private McCoy, single handed, killed all of them with his bayonet and hand [illegible] of this feat he captured four hostile machine gun emplacements and took seventeen prisoners out of a dugout nearby.

Upon advancing further he found a wounded officer, whom he sent to the rear in charge of another soldier, and continued on to the objective.

—The Pennsylvania workmen's compensation law covers about nine-tenths per cent of all men, women and children engaged in gainful pursuits.

—It is estimated that [illegible] an ordinary spider's thread will weigh scarcely a grain.

—The total alien immigration in 1914 was 1,218,480; 1915, 326,700; 1916, 298,826; 1917, 295,403; 1918, 110,618.